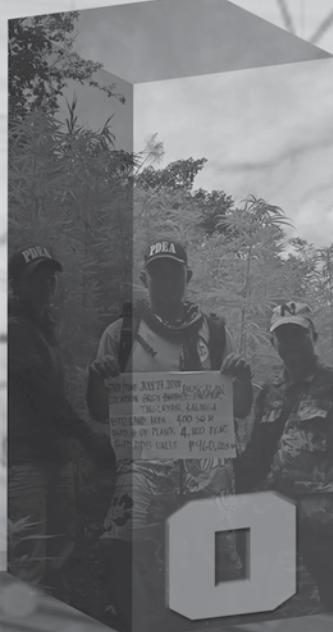




## Office of the President

# PHILIPPINE DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCY



Copyright © 2018  
Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency  
All Rights Reserved  
Printed in Quezon City, Philippines



# Table of Contents

5	Executive Summary
6	All About PDEA
6	The Creation of the Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency
6	Vision, Mission, Core Values
10	Powers and Duties of PDEA
13	PDEA Organizational Structure
14	PDEA Strategy Map
15	PDEA Academy
16	The Philippine Drug Situation
16	Drugs of Choice in the Philippines
16	Prices of Dangerous Drugs
17	Illegal Drug Trafficking
18	Barangay Drug Affectation
19	Classification of Barangay Drug Affectation
20	Critical Areas in the Philippines
22	PDEA's Strategic Approaches
23	Supply Reduction Accomplishments
24	Seizure of Dangerous Drugs and Controlled Precursors and Essential Chemicals
25	High-Impact Operations (HIOs) Conducted
26	Dismantling of Clandestine Laboratories
31	Preventing Smuggling through Seaports
32	Marijuana Eradication Operations
33	Dismantling of Kush Cultivating Facilities
34	Interdiction Operations
35	Recovery of Smuggled Cocaine in Philippine Waters
36	High-Value Targets (HVTs) Arrested
37	Foreign Nationals Arrested
39	Government Workers Arrested
39	Drug Group Leaders and Members Arrested
40	Other Supply Reduction Accomplishments
40	Rescue of Minors
40	Chemical Diversion Control
41	Barangay Drug Clearing Program
42	Anti-Money Laundering Accomplishments
43	Establishment of Airport and Seaport Interdiction Units

- 44 Strengthening PDEA's Presence in Provinces
- 45 Destruction of Dangerous Drugs and Controlled Chemicals
- 47 Clearing of Drug-Affected Jail Facilities
- 48 Demand Reduction Accomplishments
  - 49 First Animated Anti-Drug Advocacy Material
  - 50 First Youth Camps
  - 51 National Federation of PDEA Accredited Non-Government Organizations
  - 52 Enhancement of PDEA Social Media Mileage
  - 53 Introduction of PDEA Mascots
  - 54 Implementation of OPLAN: UNDASPORT
- 55 Harm Reduction Accomplishments
- 57 Administrative Accomplishments
  - 57 Strengthening of Manpower Capabilities
  - 59 Mass Promotion of Personnel
  - 59 Conduct of Capability Enhancement Trainings
  - 62 Boosting of the Morale of the PDEA Operatives
  - 65 Internal Cleansing
  - 67 Enhancement of Forensic Capabilities
  - 68 Enhancement of Logistical Capabilities
  - 71 Strengthening of K9 Capabilities
  - 74 Strengthening Partnership with Government Counterparts
  - 75 Inter-Agency Committee on Anti-Illegal Drugs (ICAD)
  - 76 National Law Enforcement Coordinating Committee (NALECC)-Sub-Committee on Dangerous Drugs and Controlled Chemicals (SCDDCC)
  - 77 Task Force Drug Courier
  - 78 Strengthening Partnership with International Counterparts
  - 81 Encouraging Public's Participation
  - 83 Strengthening Anti-Drug Policies
  - 84 Celebrating the PDEA 16th Founding Anniversary
  - 86 Annual Awards
  - 87 Christmas Program
  - 88 Financial Management

# Executive Summary

The year 2018 is an exigent year in the anti-illegal drug campaign in the country not only for the Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency (PDEA) but also for all duty-bearers and stakeholders. This year, we endeavour to make a big difference in addressing the drug problem in the country despite the various odds.

The multi-faceted challenges, made PDEA more steadfast and persevering in carrying out its noble mission.

Guided by deliverables of the Philippine Development Plan (PDP) 2017-2022, PDEA has been active in the conduct of barangay drug clearing program. This is manifested in the significant number of drug-cleared barangays which is 4,922 in 2018 added to the already cleared barangays of 5,077 in 2017. Along with other government agencies, the ultimate goal of the Barangay Drug Clearing Program is to reintegrate drug personalities to the mainstream and make the barangay self-policing and resistant against the entry of any illegal drug activities.

In addition, PDEA is also working on the rehabilitation of drug users and is dedicated in providing the youth with a new chance to become productive citizens of the country and who can carry out the Filipino patrimony. All these are aimed at contributing to the achievement of the President's dream of "MATATAG, MAGINHAWA AT PANATAG NA BUHAY," for the Filipino people.

*"The illegal drugs war will not be sidelined—  
instead, it will be as relentless and chilling,  
if you will, as on the day it began."*



President Rodrigo Roa Duterte expresses his intent to be steadfast in his commitment to make the Philippines a drug-free country during his 3rd State of the Nation Address on July 23, 2018.

With bolstered competence and capability, PDEA has successfully delivered its commitment to the Filipino people as embodied in Republic Act No. 10964 or the General Appropriations Act of 2018:

<b>4,922 drug-affected barangays cleared</b>
<b>2,042 (or 37% of total arrest) high-value targets arrested</b>
<b>475 high-impact operations conducted</b>
<b>61.81% of SOI resulted to successful anti-drug operations</b>

Moreover, the priority thrusts of the Director General significantly took shape with tangible outputs:

- ▶ Strengthened Agency's interdiction capabilities by establishing interdiction units/inter-agency task groups in five (5) international airports: Cagayan, Mactan-Cebu, Zamboanga, Davao, and General Santos, and 14 seaports: Manila, Cagayan, Subic Bay, Batangas, Iloilo, Cebu, Zamboanga, Cagayan de Oro, Davao, General Santos, Sorsogon, and Albay.
- ▶ Strengthened partnership through signed Memoranda of Agreement with local counterparts and stakeholders such as the Philippine Coast Guard, Philippine Ports Authority, and Maritime Industry Authority to prevent smuggling through ports and coasts;
- ▶ Strengthened human resources by hiring and training 429 Drug Enforcement Officers for deployment at airports and seaports;
- ▶ Procurement of 100 K9 dogs and hiring of K9 handlers for training and deployment at vulnerable ports;
- ▶ Establishment of PDEA Premier K9 Training Center;
- ▶ Acquisition of logistical equipment to boost the capability of the operating units in conducting anti-drug operations, including 50 units of drone, 566 units of hand-held radio, 111 units of motor vehicle, 189 units of motorcycles, 910 units of caliber 5.56 Galil Assault rifle, 978 units of Jericho Pistols, 20 units of bat shields, 20 units of ballistic shields, 21 units of night fighting equipment, 320 units of modular vests, and 29 units of reloading machine;
- ▶ Arrest of 2,042 high-value targets, including 56 foreign nationals, 212 drug group leaders and members, 76 elected officials, 25 uniformed personnel, and 78 government employees, among others;
- ▶ Strengthened PDEA's Financial Investigation Unit by providing training and designating additional investigators;
- ▶ Freezing of Php1.14 billion worth of assets of drug personalities, including Php755 million worth of cash assets in Philippine peso and foreign currencies, and 34 parcels of land worth Php391 million, among others;
- ▶ Enhanced transparency of the anti-drug operations through the procurement of 300 body cameras that are being worn by the PDEA operatives during operations;

- ▶ Strengthened international cooperation through conduct of bilateral meetings with the following countries;
  - Russian Federation; and
  - People's Republic of China.
- ▶ Launching and operationalization of 23 “Balay Silangan” Reformation Centers nationwide which cater to 279 drug offenders, 89 of whom completed the program and graduated, and of these number, 35 are now employed with the help of other concerned government agencies and other stakeholders;

With the Director General's resolute dedication in the campaign against drugs and in making a difference in the lives of the Filipino people, the following firsts were instituted in the Agency:

- ▶ First Agency to produce Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines (CAAP)-certified drone controllers;
- ▶ First reformation program through Balay Silangan;
- ▶ First to require operatives to wear body camera during operation;
- ▶ First Adoption Day for Retired Narcotic Detection Dogs (NDDs);
- ▶ First issuance of SOP on Management of NDDs and SOP on Preventive Medicines Programme for NDDs;
- ▶ First awarding of PDEA Operation: “Lawmen” rewards to PDEA operatives;
- ▶ First convention of Barangay Drug Clearing Program (BDCP) stakeholders;
- ▶ First policy to clear drug-affected Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP) jail facilities;
- ▶ First Youth Camps;
- ▶ First PDEA animated anti-drug advocacy campaign material;
- ▶ First enhancement of PDEA's social media mileage;
- ▶ Strengthened chemical diversion control through issuance of 29,195 permits and 10,901 licenses to medical practitioners and handlers of dangerous drugs and controlled chemicals, and conduct of inspections to firms; and
- ▶ Active conduct of demand reduction efforts which reached a total of 74 million audience in the different sectors.

At the national level, with PDEA's leadership in the anti-drug campaign and the conscientious efforts of other law enforcement agencies, the country has significantly accomplished the following:

- ▶ Conduct of 36,643 anti-drug operations by PDEA and other law enforcement agencies such as Philippine National Police, National Bureau of Investigation, Bureau of Customs, and Armed Forces of the Philippines;
- ▶ Conduct of 475 high-impact operations including the dismantling of four (4) clandestine laboratories, two (2) marijuana cultivating facilities and 119 drug dens, 123 high-volume seizures, 33 marijuana eradication operations, among others;
- ▶ Arrest of 48,077 drug personalities;
- ▶ Filing of 37,037 drug complaints at the Office of City Prosecutor;
- ▶ Confiscation of 785.77 kilos of shabu, 96.85 kilos of cocaine, 16,713 pieces of ecstasy tablet, 258 kilos of marijuana, and others worth Php 6.72 billion; and
- ▶ Clearing of 4,922 drug-affected barangays.



Year 2018 is indeed a breakthrough year in our fight against illegal drugs. With the impact that the anti-drug accomplishments have made, we have surely left a stronger message that drug-free Philippines is achievable. Until such goal is achieved, PDEA will be even more relentless.

  
**AARON N AQUINO**  
Director General, PDEA

# All About PDEA

The Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency is primarily mandated to efficiently and effectively implement the provisions of the anti-drug law and the national anti-drug strategies.

The Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency is the lead agency in the implementation of the country's anti-drug strategies.

## The Creation of the Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency

On June 7, 2002, through the signing of the Republic Act 9165, otherwise known as "The Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002," the reorganization of the Philippine drug law enforcement system took effect. The enactment of RA 9165 led to the creation of the Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency that is mandated to carry out the provisions of the law and lead the fight against illegal drugs in the country.



## Vision

By 2020, we are highly credible and competent Agency leading the citizenry for a drug-free country.

## Mission

As the lead Agency in the enforcement of anti-drug law, the PDEA:

- ▶ Suppresses the supply of dangerous drugs;
- ▶ Implements Dangerous Drugs Board policies;
- ▶ Controls and regulates the legitimate use of dangerous drug and controlled precursors and essential chemicals;
- ▶ Supervises the anti-drug activities of other drug law enforcement agencies;
- ▶ Coordinates the participation of all stakeholders in the anti-drug campaign.

## Core Values

**Professional** - We are committed to act with integrity in the performance of our duties, be proficient and reliable, and provide quality service to all our stakeholders.

**Dynamic** - We endeavor to be actively responsive with the changing trends and needs of the Agency.

**Excellence-driven** - We strive to exceed expectations and deliver results of highest quality.

**Accountable** - We take full accountability and responsibility for all actions and conduct in a manner that would earn respect, trust and confidence of the people.

# Powers and Duties of PDEA

Pursuant to Section 84 of Republic Act 9165, the Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency shall have the following powers and duties:



PDEA Inter-Faith Chapel

a) Implement or cause the efficient and effective implementation of the national drug control strategy formulated by the Board thereby carrying out a national drug campaign which shall include drug law enforcement, control and prevention campaign with the assistance of concerned government agencies;

b) Undertake the enforcement of the provisions of Article II of this Act relative to the unlawful acts and penalties involving any dangerous drug and/or controlled precursor and essential chemical and investigate all violators and other matters involved in the commission of any crime relative to the use, abuse or trafficking of any dangerous drug and/or controlled precursor and essential chemicals as provided for in this Act and the provisions of Presidential Decree 1619;

c) Administer oath, issue subpoena and subpoena duces tecum relative to the conduct of investigation involving the violations of this Act;

d) Arrest and apprehend as well as search all violators and seize or confiscate, the effects or proceeds of the crimes as provided by law and take custody thereof, for this purpose the prosecutors and enforcement agents are authorized to possess firearms, in accordance with existing laws;

e) Take charge and have custody of all dangerous drugs and/or controlled precursors and essential chemicals seized, confiscated or surrendered to any national, provincial or local law



PDEA Grounds



PDEA Dormitory

enforcement agency, if no longer needed for purposes of evidence in court;

- f) Establish forensic laboratories in each PNP office in every province and city in order to facilitate action on seized or confiscated drugs, thereby hastening its destruction without delay;
- g) Recommend to the DOJ the forfeiture of properties and other assets of persons and/or corporations found to be violating the provisions of this Act and in accordance with pertinent provisions of the Anti-Money-Laundering Act of 2001;
- h) Prepare for prosecution or cause the filing of appropriate criminal and civil cases for violation of all laws on dangerous drugs, controlled precursors and essential chemicals, and their similar controlled substances, and assist, support and coordinate with other government agencies for the proper and effective prosecution of the same;
- i) Monitor, and if warranted by circumstances, in coordination with the Philippine Postal Office and the Bureau of Customs, inspect all air cargo packages, parcels and mails in the central post office, which appear from the package and address itself to be a possible importation of dangerous drugs and/or controlled precursors and essential chemicals, through on-line or cyber shops via the internet or cyberspace;
- j) Conduct eradication programs to destroy wild or illegal growth of plants from which dangerous drugs may be extracted;
- k) Initiate and undertake the formation of a nationwide organization which shall coordinate and supervise all activities against drug abuse in every province, city, municipality and barangay with the active



PDEA Honor Wall



PDEA Forensic Laboratory



PDEA Conference Room

and direct participation of all such local government units and nongovernmental organizations, including the citizenry, subject to the provisions of previously formulated programs of action against dangerous drugs;

l) Establish and maintain a national drug intelligence system in cooperation with law enforcement agencies, other government agencies/offices and local government units that will assist in its apprehension of big-time drug lords;

m) Establish and maintain close coordination, cooperation and linkages with international drug control and administration agencies and organizations, and implement the applicable provisions of international conventions and agreements related to dangerous drugs to which the Philippines is a signatory;

n) Create and maintain an efficient special enforcement unit to conduct an investigation, file charges and transmit evidence to the proper court, wherein members of the said unit shall possess suitable and adequate firearms for their protection in connection with the performance of their duties: Provided, that no previous special permit for such possession shall be required;

o) Require all government and private hospitals, clinics, doctors, dentists and other practitioners to submit a report, in coordination with the Board, about all dangerous drugs and/or controlled precursors and essential chemicals which they have attended to for data and information purposes;

p) Coordinate with the Board for the facilitation of the issuance of necessary guidelines, rules and regulations for the proper implementation of this Act;

q) Initiate and undertake a national campaign for drug prevention and drug control programs, where it may enlist the assistance of any department, bureau, office, agency or instrumentality of the government, including government-owned and/or controlled corporations, in the anti-illegal drugs drive, which may include the use of their respective personnel, facilities, and resources for a more resolute detection and investigation of drug related crimes and prosecution of the drug traffickers;

r) Submit an annual and periodic reports to the Board as may be required from time to time, and perform such other functions as may be authorized or required under existing laws and as directed by the President himself/herself or as recommended by the congressional committees concerned.

PDEA Gymnasium



# The PDEA Organizational Structure

PDEA is headed by a Director General, with the rank of Undersecretary. Two Deputy Director Generals; one for Operations and the other for Administration, both with the rank of Assistant Secretary, assist the Director General.

The PDEA Academy undertakes and oversees the recruitment and training of all PDEA agents and personnel.

A PDEA Regional Office is present in all 17 regions around the country where each office is headed by a Regional Director.

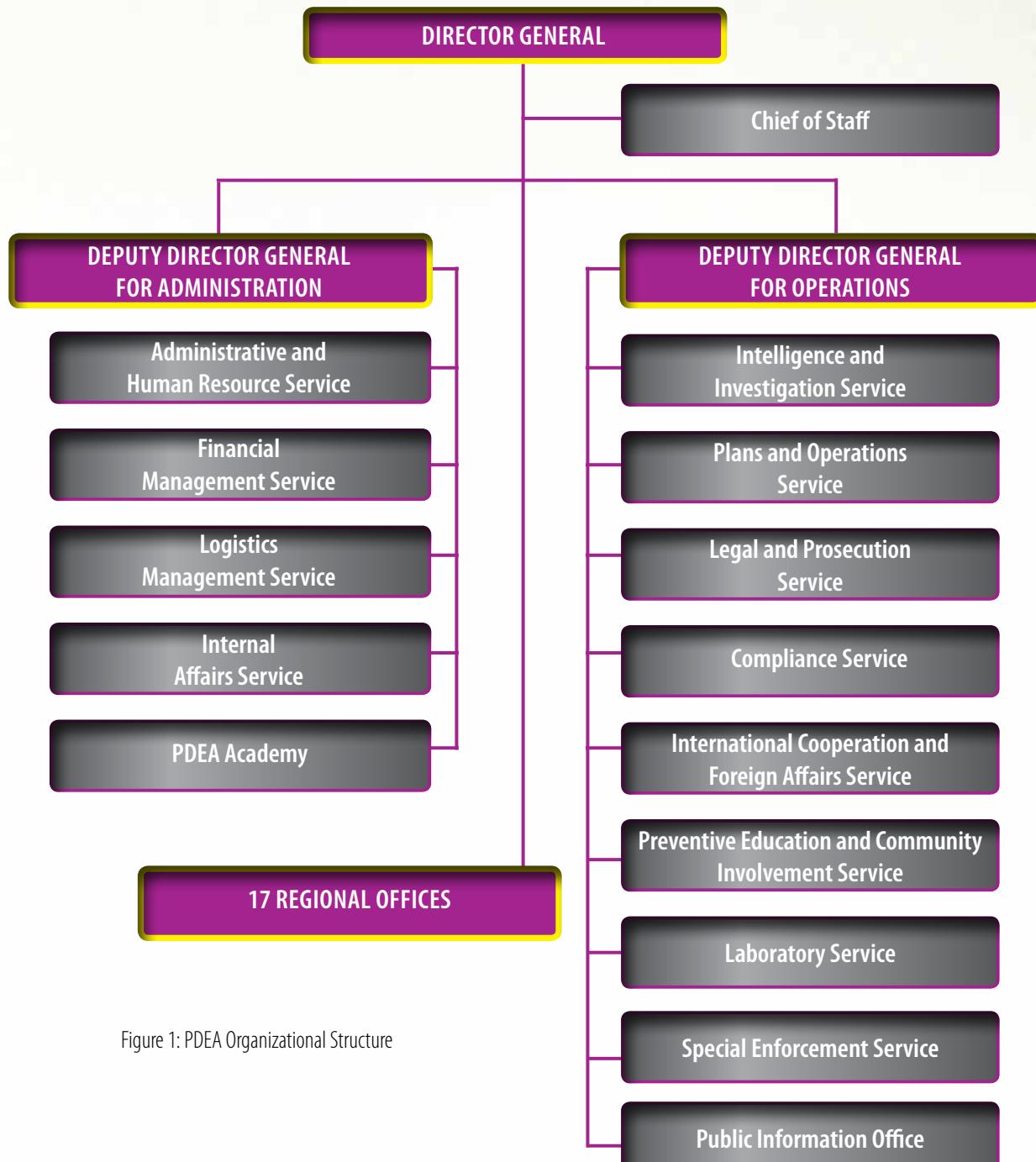
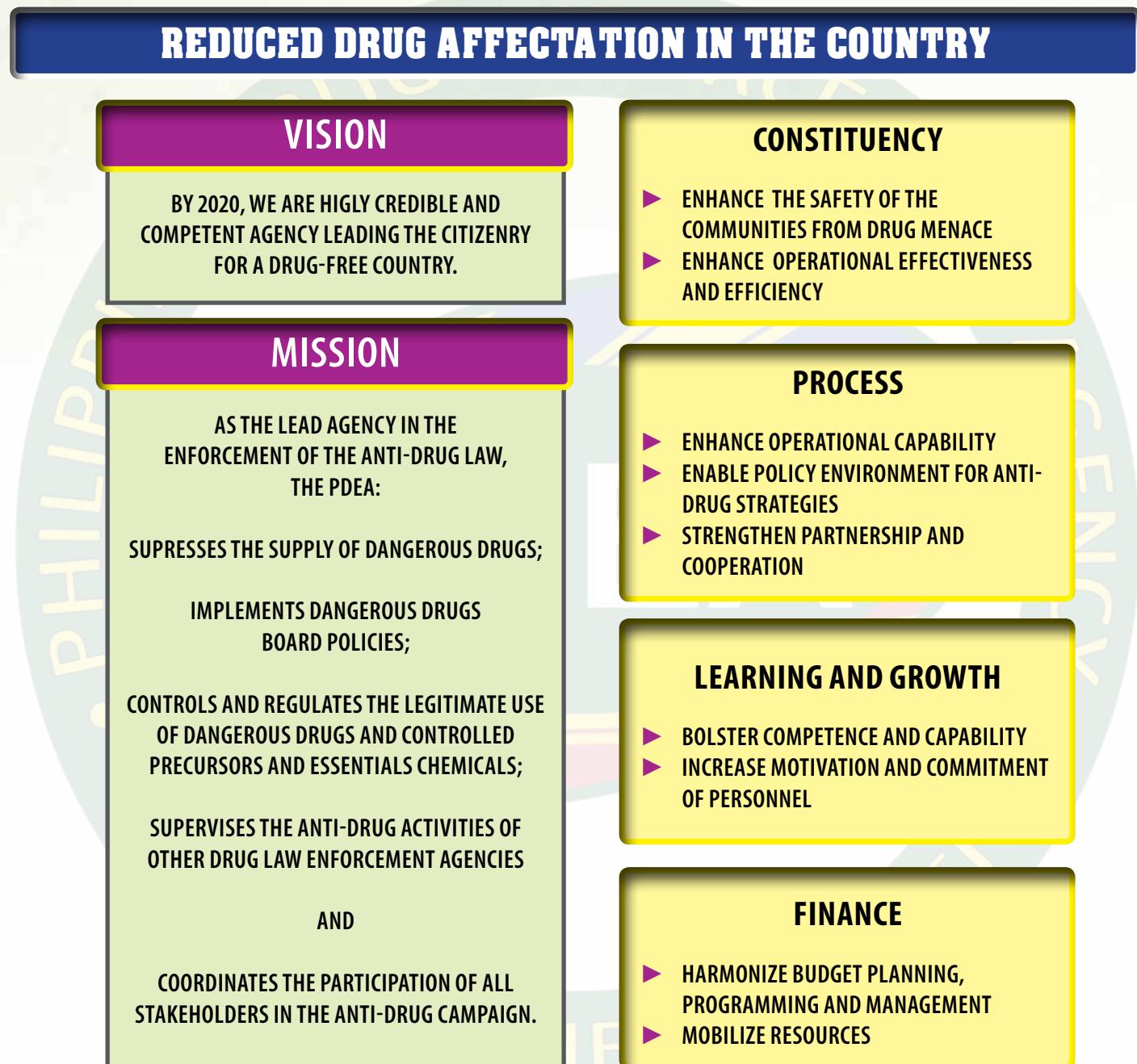


Figure 1: PDEA Organizational Structure

# PDEA Strategy Map

The PDEA Strategy Map illustrates the good governance framework of the Agency. This is the guiding framework of the Agency's plans, programs, strategies and performance metrics. This upholds the principle of balance between accomplishing the Agency's goal, provision of enabling systems and policies, and provision of appropriate resources in logistics, human and finance.

Figure 2: PDEA Strategy Map



**PROFESSIONAL • DYNAMIC • EXCELLENCE-DRIVEN • ACCOUNTABLE**

## PDEA Academy

Aligned with Article IX, Section 85 of Republic Act No. 9165, the PDEA Academy was created to be responsible in the recruitment and training of all PDEA agents and personnel.

The Academy is headed by a Superintendent, with the rank of Director, who is appointed by the PDEA Director General.

As of December 31, 2018, PDEA Academy has successfully conducted DEOBC training of fourteen (14) batches namely:

UNANG SINAG	2006 - 01
MAPALAD	2007 - 02
MASIDLAK	2008 - 03
SANDIGLAHI	2009 - 04
KAISANG-ALAB	2011 - 05
MANALIG	2013 - 06
SANGKALASAG	2015 - 07
KAWALONG SILAB	2016 - 08
SINALIGAN	2016 - 09
MARAGTALA	2017 - 10
GANDILAN	2017 - 11
HINIRANG	2018 - 12
MAKILAS	2018 - 13

PDEA Academy is located at the PNPA Compound, Camp General Mariano Castañeda, Silang, Cavite.



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino and Atty. Ruel M Lasala, OIC, Office of the Deputy Director General for Operations led the inauguration of the enhanced PDEA Academy training facilities on April 16, 2018.



Blessing of the tent barracks at the PDEA Academy.

PDEA Academy Grounds



# The Philippine Drug Situation

## Drugs of Choice in the Philippines

The Philippines is obviously not exempted from the global illegal drug phenomena.

Based on PDEA's intelligence and drug-related arrests, methamphetamine hydrochloride, locally known as shabu, is the most abused drug in the country, followed by cannabis or marijuana, and methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA) or ecstasy.

During the first semester of the year, cocaine was recovered along the Philippine shores by law enforcers and locals. However, there is no conclusive indication that the cocaine was intended for local consumption.

The archipelagic set-up and strategic location of the country was advantageous to drug syndicates who use the area as transshipment point to smuggle drugs to consuming countries.



Methamphetamine Hydrochloride or Shabu



Cannabis or Marijuana



Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA) or Ecstasy



Benzoylmethylecgonine or Cocaine

## Illegal Drug Trafficking

Illegal drug trafficking is a lucrative business and continues to thrive in the Philippines. Drug groups and syndicates use innovative methods to evade apprehension and expand their illegal drug activities despite aggressive enforcement efforts. Despite heightened law enforcement efforts, they continue with their illegal drug activities.

Thus, supply of illegal drugs in the country is ensured by international drug syndicates.

In 2018, three international drug syndicates have been monitored to be operating in the Philippines.

The annual data on foreign nationals arrested in the country from 2002 to 2018 consistently showed that Chinese nationals dominate the roll of arrested non-Filipino drug personalities. Out of 906 foreign nationals arrested in the country, 548 or 60% are Chinese.



Five Chinese nationals (2 from Mainland China and 3 from Hong Kong) were arrested during a series of operations conducted by PDEA on September 25, 2018 in Pasay City.



Two Nigerian nationals arrested for selling 98.34 grams of shabu on March 9, 2018 during a buy-bust operation conducted by PDEA in Bacoor City, Cavite.

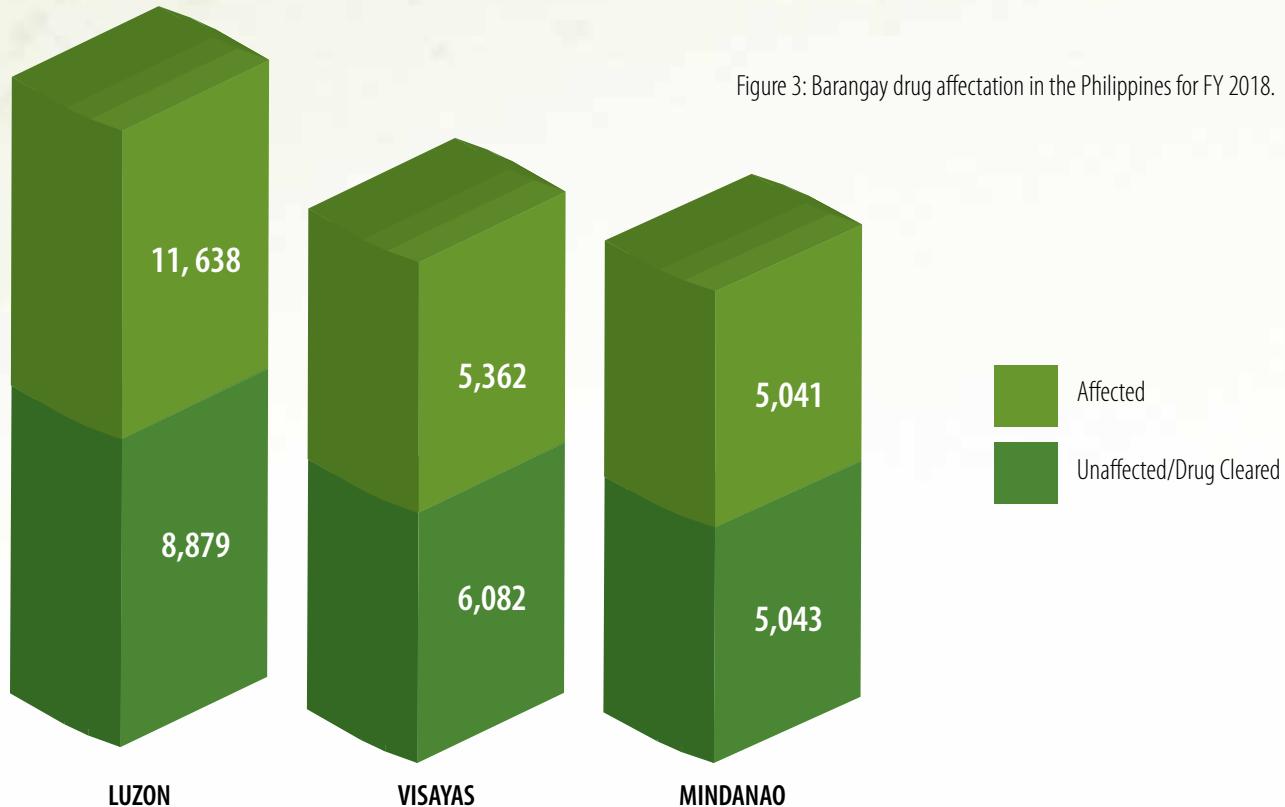
The African Drug Syndicates (ADS) also smuggle drugs into the country through airports using human drug couriers whom they recruited in exchange for huge amount of money. From 2009 to 2018, 101 ADS members have been arrested in the Philippines.

On the other hand, the Mexican-Sinaloa drug cartel partners with the Chinese drug syndicate to facilitate entry of illegal drugs into the country. There have been reports that this South American/Latino drug trafficking organization is trying to break into the Philippine market due to the demand for methamphetamine, a comparatively low-cost production, high-yielding, and high-profit drug as compared to the neighboring Southeast Asian countries who prefer heroin and cocaine. Latest monitored activity of the syndicate was in 2017 when 2.2 kilograms of shabu, sent from DHL Mexico, were recovered at DHL Warehouse at NAIA.

In April 2018, the fourth drug syndicate that is monitored to be operating in the country is the Golden Triangle drug syndicate, which was connected with the dismantled three clandestine laboratories owned by the syndicate in Batangas and Malabon City. The syndicate is involved in large-scale production of methamphetamine in Myanmar for distribution in the Asia Pacific region.

## Barangay Drug Affectation

Barangay drug affectation depicts the level or extent of the drug problem in a certain barangay, the smallest political unit. As of December 2018, out of the total 42,045 barangays in the country, 22,041 or 52.42% are considered drug-affected.



Validation and Declaration of Drug Cleared Barangays in Victoria, Oriental Mindoro on October 8, 2018.



Signing and declaration of Barangays Pasian, Rizal, San Jose, Baylo, and Inambatan, Monkayo, Compostella Valley as drug-cleared barangays on November 27, 2018.

## Classification of Barangay Drug Affectation

As provided in DDB Regulation No. 3, series of 2017, barangay drug-affectation is classified as follows:

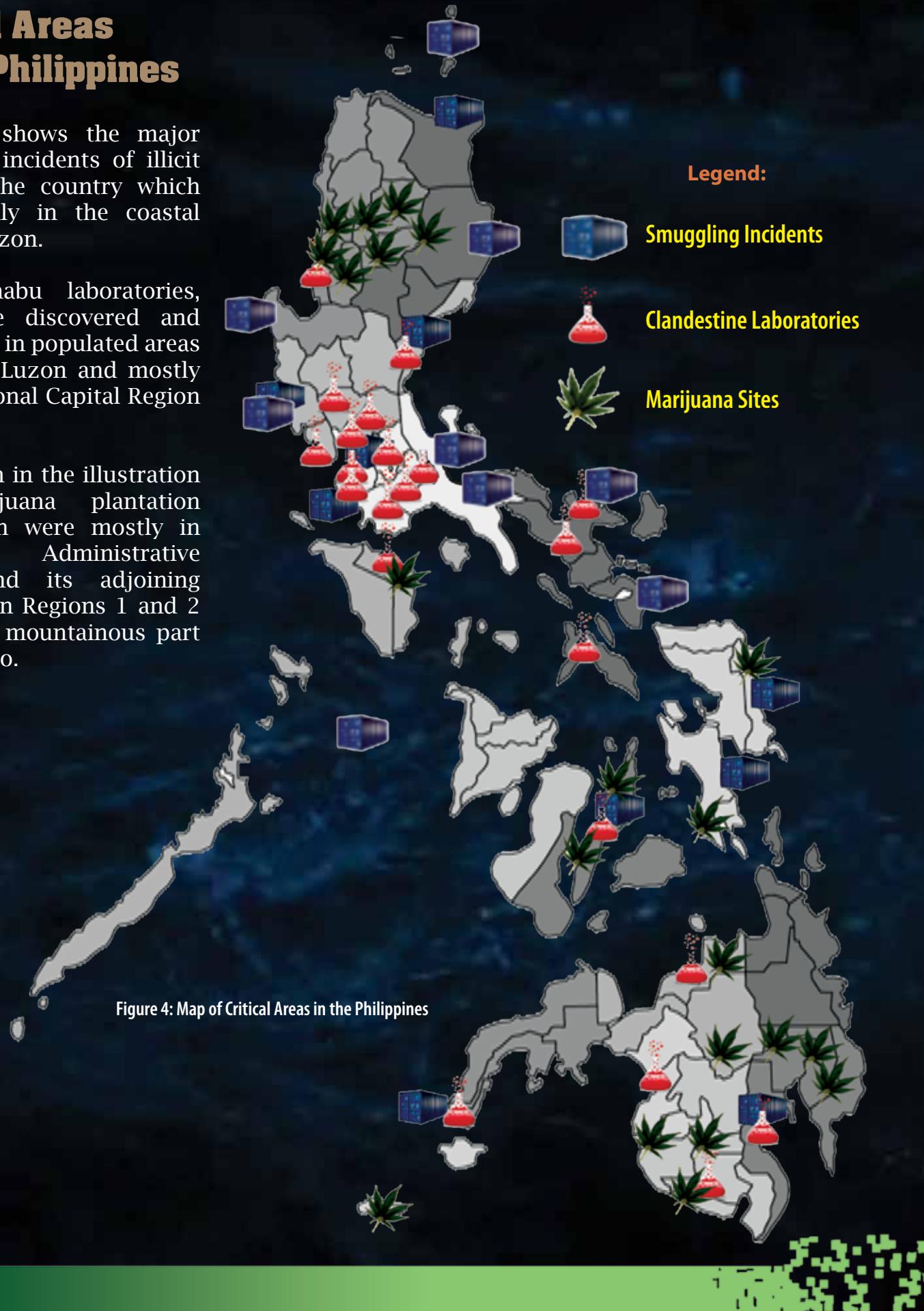
- A. **Drug Unaffected Barangay** – has not ever been plagued or beset by any illegal drug activities
- B. **Drug Affected Barangay** – has reported presence of drug user, pusher, manufacturer, marijuana cultivator, or other drug personality, drug den, marijuana plantation, clandestine laboratory, and facilities related to production of illegal drugs:
  1. **Seriously affected** – reported presence of any of the following: clandestine drug laboratory, warehouse, marijuana plantation and drug den/ tiangge, drug trafficking and smuggling activities, and drug personalities (i.e. users, pushers, financiers, protectors, cultivator, manufacturer and others);
  2. **Moderately affected** – reported presence of drug pusher/s and/or user/s; and
  3. **Slightly affected** – reported presence of drug user/s.
- C. **Drug Cleared Barangay** – classified as previously drug affected and subjected to drug clearing operation and declared free from any illegal drug activities pursuant to the parameters set forth by the regulation.

## Critical Areas in the Philippines

The map shows the major smuggling incidents of illicit drugs in the country which were mainly in the coastal areas of Luzon.

As to shabu laboratories, most were discovered and dismantled in populated areas of Central Luzon and mostly in the National Capital Region (NCR).

Also shown in the illustration are marijuana plantation sites which were mostly in Cordillera Administrative Region and its adjoining provinces in Regions 1 and 2 and in the mountainous part of Mindanao.



**Table 1: Clandestine Laboratories Dismantled 1997-2018**

REGIONS	NO. OF CLANDESTINE LABORATORY DISMANTLED	NO. OF PERSONALITIES ARRESTED
I	1	4
II	3	7
III	22	48
NCR	51	95
IV-A	20	68
MIMAROPA	1	-
V	6	7
VII	2	11
IX	1	3
X	1	-
XI	2	2
XII	1	-
ARMM	1	3
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>248</b>

**Table 2: Identified Marijuana Plantation Sites due to Incidence of Eradication**

LUZON
Benguet
Mt. Province
Kalinga
Ifugao
Ilocos Sur
La Union
Isabela
Oriental Mindoro
VISAYAS
Cebu
Eastern Samar
Southern Leyte
MINDANAO
Misamis Oriental
Bukidnon
Davao Oriental
Davao Del Norte
Compostela Valley
North and South Cotabato
Sultan Kudarat
Sarangani Province
Sulu

**Table 3: Major smuggling incidents in the country from 1999 to 2018.**

AREA	DATE/ PERIOD COVERED	SEIZED DRUGS
<b>Luzon</b>		
MICP Compound, Manila	August 7, 2018	355.85 liters of meth
Infanta, Quezon	June 22, 2018	4.52 kilos of cocaine
Seashore of Amanpulo Resort in Brgy. Manamoc, Cuyo, Palawan	May 4, 2018	1.02 kilos of cocaine
Calaguas Island, Municipality of Vinzons, Camarines Norte	April 22, 2018	12.75 liters of liquid cocaine
Calaguas Island, Municipality of Vinzons, Camarines Norte	April 20, 2018	1.03 kilos of cocaine
Barangay Sulangan, Guiuan, Eastern Samar	April 16, 2018	4.93 kilos of cocaine
Territorial seawater of Quezon and Camarines Norte	April 15, 2018	26.99 kilos of cocaine
Divilacan, Isabela	February 5, 2018	22.73 kilos of cocaine
Matnog, Sorsogon	January 3, 2018	33.88 kilos of cocaine
Valenzuela City	May 2017	604 kilos of meth
Barangay Sogod, Tiwi, Albay	December 2016	16.62 kilograms of cocaine
NAIA	2010-2018	169.91 kilos of meth; 82.10 kilos of cocaine; 29,957 tablets of ecstasy
Clark International Airport	2016-2018	2.39 kilos of cocaine, 84.78 kilos of shabu
Claveria, Cagayan	July 2016	180 kilos of meth
Subic, Zambales	June 2008	745 kilos of meth
	August 2013	432 kilos of meth
Aurora Province	December 2009	30 kilos of meth
Nasugbu, Batangas	2007	22 kilos of ketamine
Port Area, Manila	November 2003	1 ton of ephedrine
	October 2004	69 kilos of meth
Manila International Container Port Terminal	February 2004	296 kilos of meth
San Narciso, Zambales	November 2001	350 kilos of meth
Real, Quezon	October 2001	503 kilos of meth
Sta. Ana, Cagayan	June 2001	10 kilos of cocaine
Sariaya, Quezon	August 2000	365 kilos of meth
Dasol, Pangasinan	November 1999	420 kilos of meth
Batanes Island	August 1999	280 kilos of meth
<b>Visayas</b>		
Cebu International Airport	July 2016	3.87 kilos of meth
Coastline of Samar	2009-2010	590.69 kilos of cocaine
Cebu Port	March 2004	1.5 tons of pseudoephedrine
<b>Mindanao</b>		
Davao City	December 2009	15.5 kilos of cocaine
	March 2014	69 kilos of cocaine
Zamboanga	November 2013	18.6 kilos of meth
<b>TOTAL</b>	4,907.01 kilos of meth; 29,957 tablets of ecstasy; 881.35 kilos of cocaine; 12.75 liters of liquid cocaine; 1 ton of ephedrine; 1.5 tons of pseudoephedrine; 22 kilos ketamine	

# PDEA's Strategic Approaches

PDEA employs a three-pronged approach in addressing the drug problem to ensure that the multifaceted problem will be well addressed. PDEA does not only focus on law enforcement but is also keen at conduct of advocacy, preventive, and harm reduction strategies. This is PDEA's response to the call for holistic approach in addressing the drug problem.

A  
P  
R  
O  
A  
C  
H  
E  
S

**Supply reduction strategy** aims to take illegal drugs away from the people through conduct of anti-drug operations and arrest of drug personalities. For this strategy, PDEA focuses on conducting high-impact operations and arresting high-value targets.

To keep people away from illegal drugs, PDEA undertakes **demand reduction strategy** through conduct of advocacy campaign activities that stir drug awareness of the public. Lectures, seminars, conferences, and film showings are some of the activities to achieve the goal of the strategy.

To mitigate the negative effects of the drug abuse, PDEA introduced **harm reduction strategy**. This approach prevents further distress and harm to the user, and provides them with positive opportunities. Implementation of the Balay Silangan Reformation Program which aims to reintegrate the drug offenders back to the society is the Agency's pilot project for this strategy.

A  
DRUG-FREE  
COUNTRY

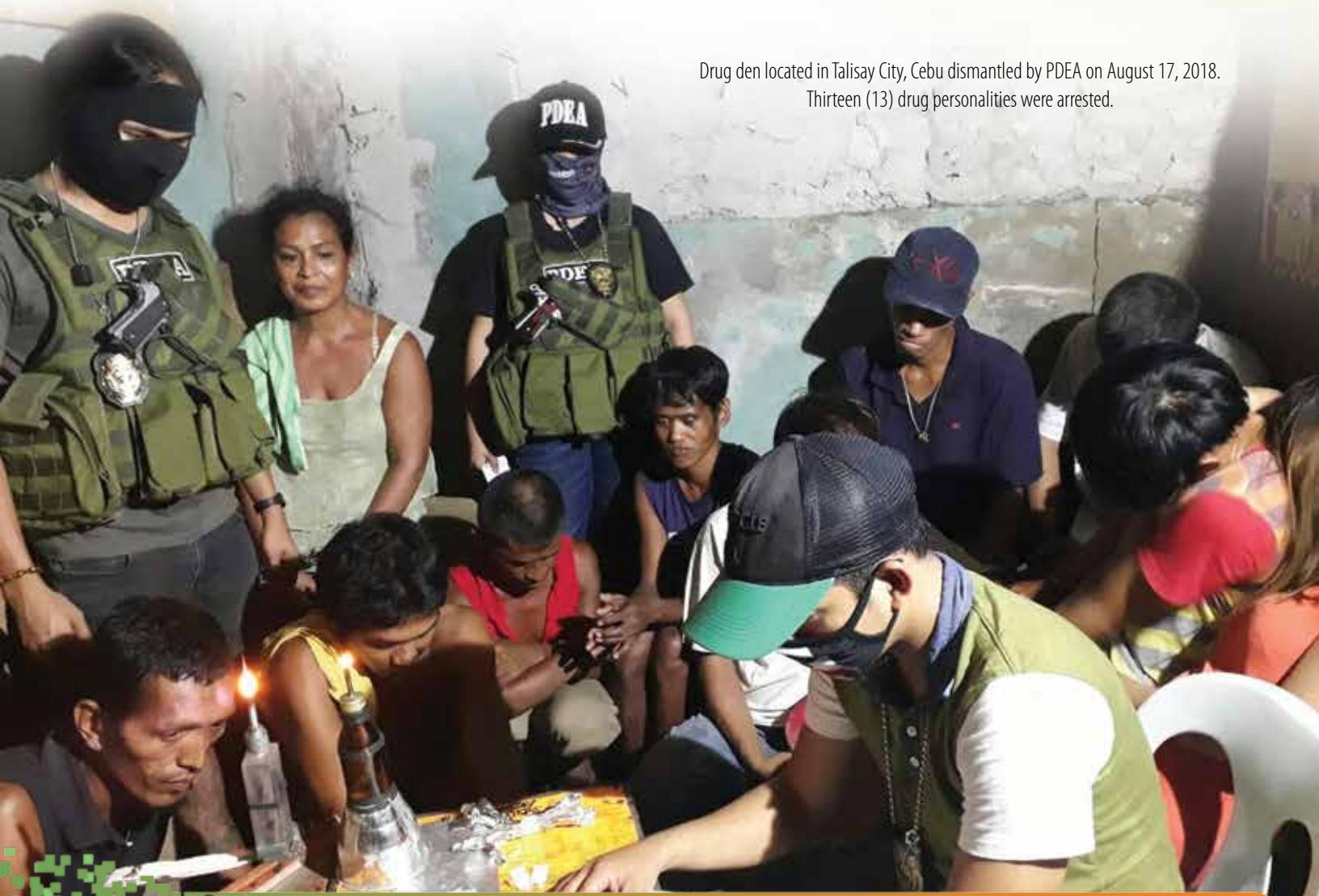
# Supply Reduction Accomplishments

In 2018, PDEA and other law enforcement agencies conducted a total of 36,643 anti-drug operations which led to the arrest of 48,077 drug personalities, seizure of Php6.72 billion worth of dangerous drugs and controlled precursors and essential chemicals (CPECs), and filing of 37,037 drug complaints nationwide.



PDEA remains steadfast in its campaign against illegal drugs nationwide that resulted in the conduct of high-impact operations and arrest of high-value targets.

Drug den located in Talisay City, Cebu dismantled by PDEA on August 17, 2018. Thirteen (13) drug personalities were arrested.



# Seizure of Dangerous Drugs and Controlled Precursors and Essential Chemicals

Dangerous drugs and Controlled Precursors and Essential Chemicals (CPECs) seized in 2018 include the following:

Table 4: Summary of Dangerous Drugs and CPECs Seized

PARTICULARS	VOLUME	VALUE (PHP)
<b>Shabu</b>		
Crystals/powder (gram)	790,001.30	5,372,008,867.20
Liquid (liter)	110.77	519,457,230.77
<b>Marijuana</b>		
Plants (piece)	515,716	116,023,500
Seedlings (piece)	1,007,208	40,288,320
Stalks (gram)	105,450.40	13,181,299.88
Seeds (gram)	551.04	31,409.53
Dried leaves (gram)	252,318.11	30,278,173.50
Bricks (gram)	30,967.28	2,787,055.43
Fruiting tops (gram)	220,046.77	16,063,414.23
Hashish (gram)	20.89	-
Resin (gram)	3,704.01	-
Sticks (piece)	1	40
Kush (gram)	136,316.29	163,579,546
<b>Cocaine</b>		
Crystals/powder (gram)	96,854.03	450,987,777.11
Liquid (liter)	12.75	-
Ecstasy (piece)	16,713	28,412,100.00
<b>Other Dangerous Drugs</b>		
GBL (liter)	10.02	-
Valium/Diazepam (piece)	876	-
Nubain (ampoule)	710	-
Oxycodone (piece)	297	-

PARTICULARS	VOLUME	VALUE (PHP)
Ketamine (gram)	34.83	-
Ketamine (tablet)	63	-
Ephedrine (gram)	11,197.90	-
Morphine tablet	1,201	-
Alprazolam (gram)	1,437.38	-
Clonazepam (gram)	4,310.65	-
Phenobarbital (tablet)	264	-
Phentermine (tab/amp/pc)	6	-
Pethidine tablet	117	-
Zolpidem (gram)	1,354.80	-
Toluene (gram)	3,346.95	-
Nitrazepam (gram)	4,706.76	-
Methylephedrine (gram)	11.65	-
<b>Controlled Precursors and Essential Chemicals</b>		
Hydrochloric Acid (liter)	1,097.38	-
Acetone (liter)	2,388.85	-
Activated Carbon (gram)	19,961.90	-
Methanol (liter)	19.01	-
Sodium Hydroxide (gram)	814,713.13	-
Sodium Chloride (gram)	842.15	-
Sodium Acetate Trihydrate (gram)	165,700.00	-
Sulfuric Acid (liter)	5.69	-
Acetic Acid (liter)	1,797.50	-
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>6,753,098,733.77</b>

## High-Impact Operations (HIOs) Conducted

Notably, significant high-impact operations were conducted by PDEA in 2018. The Agency believed that these operations also made a significant dent in the supply chain of illegal drug trade and sent a strong message to the illegal drug players that, indeed, the President is serious with his pronouncement for an incessant anti-drug campaign of the government.

Table 5: High-Impact Operations conducted for FY 2018

PARTICULARS	TOTAL
Dismantled Clandestine Laboratories	4
Dismantled Chemical Warehouse	1
Dismantled Marijuana Cultivating Facility	2
High-Volume Seizure	131
Marijuana Eradication	33
Dismantled Drug Den	119
Other HIOs	194
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>484</b>

PDEA recovered 355.85 kilos of shabu worth Php2.4 billion on August 7, 2018 at the Manila International Container Port, Manila.



## Dismantling of Clandestine Laboratories

In 2018, four shabu laboratories were dismantled by PDEA and other law enforcement agencies, with the assistance and cooperation of the Chinese counterparts. These successful operations prevented shabu from reaching the market thereby inflicting loss on the part of drug syndicates.

In April 2018, three shabu laboratories being operated by Golden Triangle Drug Syndicate, located in Batangas and Malabon City were dismantled.



Equipment and containers seized from the dismantled shabu laboratory in Tila, Malabon City on April 16, 2018.



Shabu laboratory in Tinajeros, Malabon City dismantled on April 13, 2018.



Shabu laboratory in Ibaan, Batangas dismantled on April 12, 2018.

On April 12, 2018, a large-scale laboratory located in Hingoso Farms, Ibaan, Batangas was dismantled, and resulted in the seizure of 500 grams of shabu and the arrest of two chemists, their supervisor, and handler, all of whom are Chinese.



Joint elements from PDEA, AFP, and PNP dismantle a large-scale shabu laboratory located in Hingoso Farms, Ibaan, Batangas on April 12, 2018.

On April 13, 2018, a medium-scale laboratory and a chemical warehouse located in Barangay Tinajeros, Malabon City were dismantled which led to the arrest of a Chinese national, and seizure of CPECs.



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino with Ms. Shen Yue from the Office of the National Narcotics Control Commission, Ministry of Public Safety, People's Republic of China, inspect the confiscated production equipment at the dismantled shabu laboratory and chemical warehouse in Malabon City.



Confiscated manufacturing equipment and chemicals.

On April 16, 2018, a small-scale laboratory located in Tila, Malabon City was dismantled which resulted in the seizure of 9,808 ml of liquid shabu and assorted chemicals used to manufacture shabu.



Inventory of chemicals seized.

insert caption

On September 25, 2018, PDEA dismantled a kitchen-type shabu laboratory in a condominium in Pasay City. These operations led to the seizure of 91 kilos of shabu and arrest of 5 Chinese nationals, 2 of whom were from Mainland China and the other 3 were from Hong Kong.



91.68 kilos of high-grade shabu worth Php623.42 million were seized and five Chinese nationals were arrested.



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino with Director Irish C Calagwas, OIC, Deputy Director General for Administration, inspect the pot used to cook shabu.

## Preventing Smuggling through Seaports

A major incident of bulk seizure of shabu during the year was the interception of 355.85 kilos of shabu worth Php2.4 billion concealed in magnetic lifters at the Manila International Container Port on August 7, 2018.

On December 13, 2018, PDEA formally filed a complaint against personalities involved in the smuggling of the seized shabu.



This is one of the most significant operations conducted during the year that prevented kilos of shabu from reaching the Philippine market.



## Marijuana Eradication Operations

Marijuana is continuously cultivated in the Philippines, particularly in Northern Luzon region. As an effort to prevent the proliferation of marijuana to other areas of the country, PDEA conducts marijuana eradication operations.

In 2018, 40 marijuana eradication operations were conducted by PDEA in collaboration with other law enforcement agencies. These operations resulted in the eradication of 186 marijuana plantation sites, destruction of 869,682 pieces of marijuana plants and products worth Php 208.37 million and arrest of eight (8) drug personalities.

Table 6: Eradicated Marijuana Plantation Sites

REGION	AREA	NUMBER OF MARIJUANA ERADICATION OPERATIONS CONDUCTED	NUMBER OF PERSONALITIES ARRESTED	NUMBER OF MARIJUANA PLANTATION SITES ERADICATED	VOLUME		VALUE
VII	Balamban, Cebu	2	7	4	MJ Plants (pcs)	17976	31.77 million
	Cebu City	5	1	14	MJ Plants (pcs)	54,256	
					MJ Seedlings (pcs)	8,010	
	Toledo City, Cebu	1	-	2	MJ Plants (pcs)	12,400	
CAR	Tinglayan, Kalinga	28	-	158	MJ Plants (pcs)	748,250	171.05 million
	Kibungan, Benguet				MJ stalks (grams)	75,000	
I	Santol, La Union	1	-	1	MJ Plants (pcs)	5,600	1.12 million
XI	Taragona, Davao Oriental	2	-	2	MJ Plants (pcs)	22,500	4.42 million
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>40</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>186</b>		<b>904,912</b>	<b>PHP208.37 MILLION</b>

PDEA-CAR, PDEA RO I, PDEA RO II, Tinglayan MPS, PDEU PIB, KPP0, RMFB1503rd RMFB1502nd and KPMFC initiated OPLAN LINIS BARANGAY III in the Mountains of Kalinga.

## Dismantling of Kush Cultivating Facilities

During the year, two kush, a hybrid marijuana, manufacturing/cultivating facilities located in Las Piñas City and Muntinlupa City were discovered by PDEA operatives. Kush weighing 6.01 kilos were seized, and three drug personalities including an American national were arrested.

Unlike local marijuana, kush is imported. Kush needs to be propagated in a controlled environment, thus, cultivating it in an in-house facility.

128.49 kilos of Cannabis indica or kush confiscated in a kush greenhouse cultivating/manufacturing facility dismantled by PDEA and PNP on October 7, 2018 in Pilar Village, Las Piñas City.



## Interdiction Operations

In 2018, PDEA noted the numerous incidents of drug smuggling using mail and parcel courier system.

During the year, 35 interdiction operations were conducted to intercept dangerous drugs intended for smuggling into the country. A total of 94.67 kilos of shabu, 16,713 pieces of ecstasy tablet, and chemicals were seized during the operations. Of the 35 interdiction operations, 31 had an address in the United States of America (USA).



1 kilo of Kush concealed in a package declared as clothing fabric and a greeting card shipped by a sender with address in USA intercepted by NAIA-IADTG on June 7, 2018 at Pasay City.



## Recovery of Smuggled Cocaine in Philippines Waters

PDEA prevented the smuggling of illegal drugs through the Philippine coasts.

In the first half of 2018, seven (7) incidents of recovery of cocaine awashed in the Philippine shores were recorded. A total of 90,581.94 grams of cocaine and 12.75 liters of liquid cocaine worth Php417.81 million were intercepted.

Table 7: Incidents of Recovery of Cocaine through the Philippine Waters

DATE (2018)	AREA OF RECOVERY	VOLUME AND VALUE OF RECOVERED COCAINE
January 3	Matnog, Sorsogon	33.88 kilos worth Php142 million
February 5	Divilacan, Isabela	22.73 kilos worth Php95.46 million
April 15	Camarines Norte	27 kilos worth Php143 million
April 16	Guiuan, Eastern Samar	4.93 kilos worth Php26.13 million
April 20	Vinzons, Camarines Norte	1.03 kilo worth Php5.46 million
April 22	Vinzons, Camarines Norte	12.75 liters (liquid cocaine)
May 4	Cuyo, Palawan	1.02 kilo worth Php5.41 million



33.88 kilos of cocaine recovered on January 3, 2018 in Matnog, Sorsogon.



27 kilos of cocaine recovered on April 15, 2018 in Perez, Quezon.



4.93 kilos of cocaine recovered on April 16, 2018 in Guiuan, Eastern Samar.



1 kilo of cocaine recovered on April 20, 2018 in Vinzons, Camarines Norte.



12.75 liters of cocaine recovered on April 22, 2018 in Perez, Quezon.



4.52 kilos of cocaine, with the same packaging as those seized in Sorsogon, Isabela, Camarines Norte, and Eastern Samar, were seized through buy-bust operation on June 22, 2018, in Infanta, Quezon.

## High-Value Targets (HVTs) Arrested

PDEA continued focusing on arresting high-value targets to disrupt the supply of dangerous drugs.

During the year, PDEA and OLEAs arrested 2,443 high-value targets.

Table 8: High-Value Targets arrested for FY 2018

PARTICULARS	TOTAL
Elected Officials	74
Uniformed Personnel	25
Government Employee	80
Foreign Nationals	56
Drug Group Leaders/Members	230
Armed Group Members	16
Celebrity	2
Wanted-Listed	13
Target-Listed	204
Drug Den Maintainers	213
Others HVTs	693
Arrest from HIO	837
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,443</b>

A government employee arrested during a buy-bust operation conducted by PDEA and PNP in Piddig, Ilocos Norte on January 26, 2018.



## Foreign Nationals Arrested

Foreign nationals arrested during 2018 were dominated by Chinese nationals from mainland China, Hong Kong, and Taiwan.

Table 9: Foreign Nationals Arrested

NATIONALITY	CLASSIFICATION					TOTAL
	PUSHER	POSSESSOR	CLANDESTINE LABORATORY/ WAREHOUSE WORKER	CHEMIST	DRUG DEN MAINTAINER	
American	3	1				4
Australian	2					2
British	1				1	2
Canadian	1					1
Chadian	1	1				2
Chinese (from mainland China)	5	2	2	3		12
Chinese (from Hong Kong)	3					3
Chinese (from Taiwan)	1	3				4
German		1				1
Indian	4					4
Japanese	3					3
Korean	2	1				3
Malaysian		1				1
Nigerian	5					5
Polish		2				2
Saudi Arabian	1					1
Sudanese	1					1
Swiss		1				1
Yemen	2	2				4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>56</b>

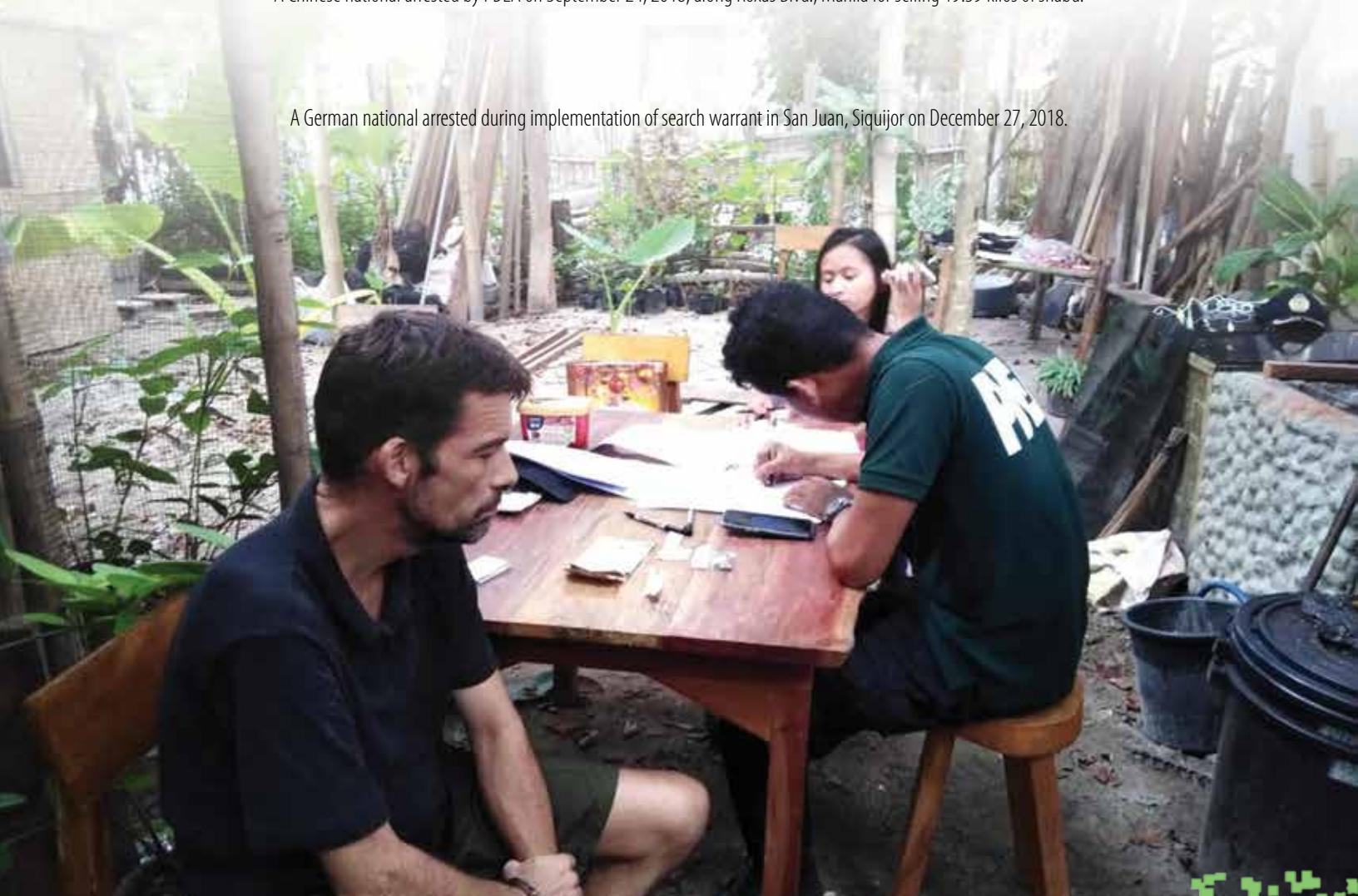


On December 27, 2018, a Polish national was arrested in Barangay Caipilan, Siquijor, Siquijor, by joint elements of PDEA RO VII Siquijor Team, Siquijor Police Station, and SPMFP/SWAT. Confiscated during the search were four (4) packs of dried marijuana leaves weighing more or less 5 grams.



A Chinese national arrested by PDEA on September 24, 2018, along Roxas Blvd., Manila for selling 19.59 kilos of shabu.

A German national arrested during implementation of search warrant in San Juan, Siquijor on December 27, 2018.



## Government Workers Arrested

In 2018, 179 government workers were arrested for violation of RA 9165 during anti-drug operations nationwide.

Table 10: Government Workers Arrested

PARTICULARS	NUMBER OF ARRESTS
<b>Elected Officials</b>	<b>76</b>
Provincial Board Member	1
Vice-Mayor	1
Municipal Councilor	4
City Councilor	1
Barangay Chairman	21
Barangay Councilor	46
SK Councilor	2
<b>Uniformed Personnel</b>	<b>25</b>
PNP	14
BJMP	1
BFP	1
AFP	7
CAFGU	2
<b>Government Employees</b>	<b>78</b>
Barangay	3
Others	75
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>179</b>



The highest-ranking elected official arrested during the year was a Provincial Board Member who was arrested on September 19, 2018 during the implementation of a search warrant where 502.70 grams of shabu worth Php3.4 million were seized.

## Drug Group Leaders and Members Arrested

Through the efforts of PDEA and other law enforcement agencies, 215 drug group leaders and members were arrested in 2018.



A drug group member arrested on August 29, 2018 in Iloilo City.

Table 11: Drug Groups Leaders and Members Arrested

REGION	NUMBER OF LEADERS AND MEMBERS ARRESTED
I	25
II	6
III	5
IV-B	21
V	10
VI	44
VII	2
VIII	4
IX	21
X	2
XI	2
XII	31
XIII	6
ARMM	14
CAR	15
NCR	3
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>215</b>

# Other Supply Reduction Accomplishments

## Rescue of Minors

Minors are being continuously utilized by drug groups to conduct illegal drug activities. In 2018, 927 minors were rescued during anti-drug operations. From the rescued minors, it was noted that as young as 10 years old were used in illegal drug activities. These minors were turned-over to the Local Social Welfare and Development for proper handling.

Table 12: Minors Rescued during Anti-Drug Operations

AGE	CLASSIFICATION					TOTAL
	Pusher	User	Possessor	Cultivator	Drug Den Maintainer/Visitor	
10		1	1			2
11		1	1			2
12		4	1			5
13	4	6	4		1	15
14	9	29	18		5	61
15	22	79	41		5	147
16	21	129	63		7	220
17	59	284	126	1	5	475
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>533</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>927</b>

## Chemical Diversion Control

Regulation of controlled precursors and essential chemicals is vital in preventing diversion of chemicals to be used to manufacture dangerous drugs.

Aligned with international treaties, PDEA, through its Compliance Service, monitors movement of licit controlled substances across Philippine borders. The Office issues licenses and permits to medical practitioners and firms that dispose controlled chemicals.

Table 13: Permits Issued

PARTICULARS	NUMBER
Import Permit	210
Special Permit	1,633
Export Declaration	74
Local Permit	27,278
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>29,195</b>

Table 14: Licenses Issued

PARTICULARS	NUMBER
S-2 (Medical Practitioners)	6,730
S (Dangerous Drugs Handlers)	1,684
P (Controlled Chemicals Handlers)	2,487
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>10,901</b>

## Barangay Drug Clearing Program

Anchored on the President's vision of drug-cleared barangays by 2022, PDEA conscientiously intensified the implementation of the Barangay Drug Clearing Program (BDCP).

In August 2018, Local Government Units (LGUs) and government institutions convened for the first time on a national level. This manifested that the LGUs are now empowered in their roles in BDCP. In partnership with Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG), PDEA conducted training-orientations to LGUs on measures and indicators on declaring drug-cleared barangays. The activities were conducted to LGUs in Luzon on August 16-17, 2018 and in Visayas and Mindanao on August 23-24, 2018.

During the year, 4,922 barangays were declared drug-cleared by the Regional Oversight Committee upon the compliance of the drug clearing requirements set forth by the Dangerous Drugs Board Regulation No. 3, Series of 2017 titled "Strengthening the Implementation of the Barangay Drug Clearing Program."



PDEA RO III witnessed the awarding of Barangay Virgen Delos Remedios as Barangay Drug Cleared in Angeles City, Pampanga on September 17, 2018.



Declaration of Drug Cleared Barangays in Midsalip, Zamboanga Del Sur in November 2018.

Declaration of Biliran Province as drug-cleared on May 11, 2018.



## Anti-Money Laundering Accomplishments

Part of the operational thrusts of PDEA for CY 2018 was the strengthening of its financial investigation unit through provision of trainings to its financial investigators.

PDEA Anti-Money Laundering Desk (AMLD) coordinates with the Anti-Money Laundering Council for the conduct of financial investigation on drug cases.

In 2018, PDEA caused the freezing of Php794,627,071.72 worth of assets of big time drug personalities, including Php755 million worth of cash assets, Php24 million worth of 28 parcels of land, and Php16 million worth of 26 motor vehicles. This is the largest value of frozen assets of drug personalities since its implementation in 2011.



Mutual Evaluation of the Philippines, November 16, 2018, Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas

Executive Course on Money Laundering, November 13-15, 2018, Hive Hotel, Quezon City



## Establishment of Airport and Seaport Interdiction Units

To enhance its capability to prevent illegal drug smuggling, PDEA established interdiction units at the vulnerable seaports and airports, which is one of the Agency's priority thrusts.

By the end of 2018, 14 seaports in the country already have Seaport Interdiction Units (SIU) or Inter-Agency Seaport Interdiction Task Group: Manila, Cagayan, Subic Bay, Batangas, Iloilo, Cebu, Zamboanga, Cagayan de Oro, Davao, General Santos, Sorsogon, and Albay.

Airport Interdiction Units (AIU)/Inter-Agency Interdiction Task Groups were also established in five (5) international airports in the country such as in Mactan-Cebu, Zamboanga, General Santos and Davao.

As of December 31, 2018, seven (7) international airports and 14 seaports already have the presence of inter-agency interdiction task groups/units.



Zamboanga Airport Interdiction Unit Office



Cagayan North Airport Interdiction Unit Office



Port of Cebu Seaport Interdiction Unit Office



Surigao del Norte Seaport Interdiction Unit Office

## Strengthening PDEA's Presence in Provinces

Through the efforts of PDEA under DG Aquino, operationalization of Offices in provinces and NCR Districts was realized.

As of December 2018, PDEA already has offices in 80 out of 81 provinces in the country and in three of the five NCR Districts.



Marinduque Provincial Office



NCR Southern District Office



Tarac Provincial Office



Southern Leyte Provincial Office



Camarines Norte Provincial Office



Dinagat Island Provincial Office

## Destruction of Dangerous Drugs and Controlled Chemicals

PDEA's major functions include the handling and disposition of seized dangerous drugs pursuant to Section 21 of RA 9165.

During the year, P13.6 billion worth of dangerous drugs and controlled chemicals, including 1,285.03 kilos of shabu, 94.27 kilos of cocaine, 1,319.20 kilos of ephedrine, 1.28 kilos of ecstasy, and others were destroyed by PDEA.

The year recorded the largest destruction of dangerous drugs and chemicals.

Table 15: Destruction of Dangerous Drugs for FY 2018

SOLID DANGEROUS DRUGS	JAN 25, 2018	MAR 23, 2018	JULY 27, 2018	OCT 26, 2018	TOTAL
QUANTITY (KILOGRAMS)					
Methamphetamine	112.078	460.308	710.39	2.25	1,285.03
Methamphetamine + ephedrine	0	0	0.0083	0	0.0083
Amphetamine	0	0	2.58	0	2.58
Cocaine	0.182	59.731	32.00	2.36	94.272
Cocaine + levamisole	0	0	0.092	0	0.092
Cocaine + levamisole + phenacetin	0	0	0.023	0	0.023
Marijuana	0.34064	434.569	202.50	1.26	638.671
Ephedrine	0.00038	0.0187	0.00015	1,318.9	1,319.20
MDMA (Ecstasy)	0.376	0	0.777	0.13097	1.284
chloromethamphetamine	0	50.664	0	0	50.66
Diazepam	0	0	0.00051	0.026	0.0311
Nitrazepam	1.536	0	0	0.00054	1.5454
benzylpiperazine	0	0	0	0.182	0.182
Dimethylamphetamine	0	0	19.024	0	19.024
Dimethyltryptamine	0	0	0.504	0	0.504
Toluene	0	0.1539	0	0	0.1539
Expired medicines	5	7	3	5	20
Negative for DD	0	0	30	0	30
<b>TOTAL NET WEIGHT OF DRUGS</b>	<b>119.51 KG</b>	<b>1,012.45 KG</b>	<b>1,000.89 KG</b>	<b>1,330.12 KG</b>	<b>3463.10 KG</b>
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED COST (PHP)</b>	<b>563.46 M</b>	<b>2.56 B</b>	<b>10.39 B</b>	<b>74.49 M</b>	<b>13.59 B</b>

Table 16: Liquid Dangerous Drugs destroyed for FY 2018

LIQUID DANGEROUS DRUGS	July 27, 2018
Liquid Methamphetamine	4,260 L
Liquid Methamphetamine + P2P	172 L
Cocaine	12.75 L
<b>TOTAL VOLUME OF DRUGS</b>	<b>4,444.75 L</b>



PDEA DG Aquino delivers his message.



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino and DDB Chairman Secretary Catalino S Cuy place the dangerous drugs for destruction in the incinerator machine during the destruction ceremony held on January 25, 2018 at Clean Leaf International Corporation, Barangay Maysilo, Malabon.



PDEA Chemists conduct audit before the dangerous drugs and CPECS are destroyed.

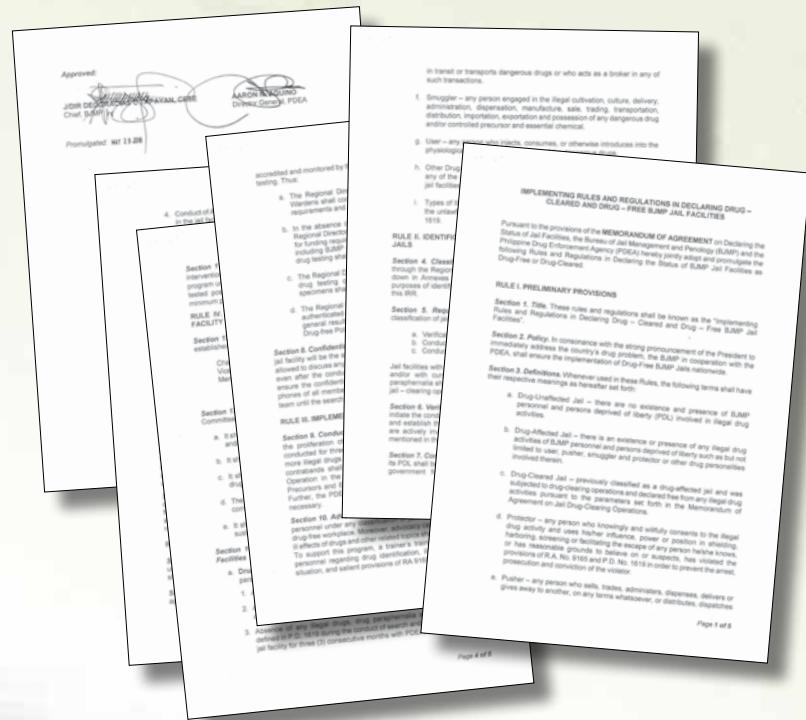
## Clearing of Drug-Affected Jail Facilities

The use of jail facilities in conducting illegal drug activities is continuously noted.

The presence of dangerous drugs and conduct of illegal drug activities in jail facilities is continuously monitored.

To clear jail facilities that are drug-affected, PDEA and Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP) jointly issued Implementing Rules and Regulations in Declaring Drug-Cleared and Drug-Free BJMP Jail Facilities in May 2018 in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement signed by the Agencies.

This is the first policy issued for the clearing of jail facilities.



PDEA Regional Office XII, in cooperation with other partner agencies and the LGU of Sultan Kudarat, held the Evaluation and Issuance of Drug-Cleared Jail Facility to Sultan Kudarat District.



# Demand Reduction Accomplishments

Equally important to suppress the drug problem are strategies that discourage the people from taking illegal drugs.

During the year, PDEA in collaboration with stakeholders from the public and private sectors, conducted demand reduction activities which reached 74 million audiences from different sectors.

Table 17: Demand Reduction Activities Conducted

PARTICULARS	NUMBER
Lectures, Seminars, Symposia, and Guest Speakership	54,554
Other PECI Activities	77,211
Multi-Media Efforts	68,321,407



PDEA ARMM conducts Drug Awareness lecture to students of Notre Dame University in Cotabato City.



Drug Awareness Lecture at Romana Acharon Elementary School as part of 'Kabataan, No To Drugs' Program of PDEARO XII and LGU Gensan on October 1, 2018.



PDEA RO VII conducted drug awareness seminar to the employees and construction workers of Dakay Construction Development Corporation on April 16, 2018.



Radio Program of PDEA in Region VIII dubbed as PDEA in Action being aired every Thursday, 9.30-10.30AM.

## First Animated Anti-Drug Advocacy Material



As a conscientious effort to reach the youth and save them from being involved in illegal drugs, PDEA in partnership with an advertising company created the first animated anti-drug advocacy material.

The material will be shown during drug demand reduction activities in cinemas.

Launching of the PDEA first animated advocacy material in partnership with the Activations Advertising, Inc. on September 28, 2018.

## First Youth Camps

PDEA facilitated Youth Camps for the first time to promote drug awareness among the youth sector.

From July 6 to 8, 2018, Youth Camp was conducted at Amparo Natures Park, Caloocan City in collaboration with the Local Government of Caloocan, and from August 4 to 5, 2018 at Makiling Highlands Resort, Pansol, Laguna in collaboration with the Local Government of Taguig.

The activities empowered the youth and provided them with coping skills to face situations that may lead to drug use.



Youth participants from Caloocan City.



Youth participants from Taguig City.



# National Federation of PDEA Accredited Non-Government Organizations

PDEA recognizes the importance of non-government organizations in the implementation of the national campaign against illegal drugs. These NGOs serve as force multipliers of the Agency in promoting the national anti-drug advocacy.

As of December 2018, 16 NGOs were accredited by PDEA:

Table 18: List of accredited NGOs by PDEA

Bantay-Bayan Foundation, Inc. (BBFI)
Centennial Force Foundation, Inc. (CFFI)
Living New Ministry International-Phil., Inc.
Confederation of Community-Oriented Policing System (CCOPS)
Kabataan Iwas Droga Movement, Inc. (KID)
Mission to Help the Poor Association Group, Inc. (MITOHETPO)
Prime Movers for Peace & Progress (PRIMO)
Philippine Council of Non-Government Organizations Against Drugs and Substance Abuse (PHILCADSA)
Community Chest Foundation, Inc. (CCFI)
Heart Foundation
Serenity House of Sobriety Foundation
Buklod Pamilya Inc.
CCT-Kaibigan Ministry Inc.
Building Bridges for Christ Philippines, Inc.
National Auxiliary Chaplaincy Philippines, Inc. (NACPHIL)
People's Volunteer Against Illegal Drugs (PVAID)

In collaboration with the CCOPS, outreach activities and medical missions were conducted which benefited the residents of Barangay Ilaya, Mandaluyong City and Barangay Pinyahan, Quezon City on March 24, 2018 and May 31, 2018, respectively.



Operation: "Tuli" in Pinyahan, Quezon City.

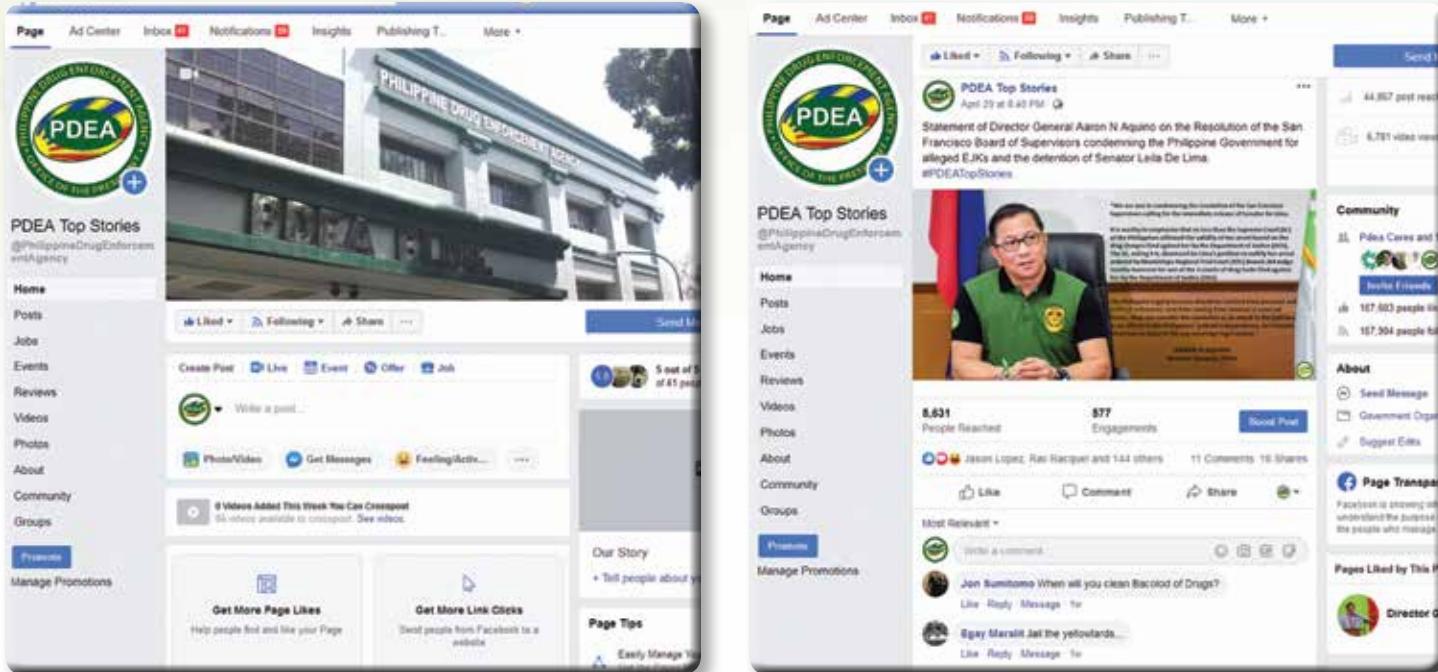


Medical Mission in Ilaya, Mandaluyong City.

# Enhancement of PDEA Social Media Mileage

To reach more audience and increase the Agency's visibility and create better awareness on the anti-drug campaign, PDEA enhanced its connections with the people through social media mileage. For the first time, the Agency's presence in the major social media platforms such as Facebook, Twitter, and Instagram was boosted.

Screen capture of the various social media accounts of PDEA.



PDEA Facebook



PDEA Instagram



PDEA Twitter



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino with Agent Eya and Agent Phed.

## Introduction of PDEA Mascots

In 2018, PDEA also introduced PDEA Mascots Buster Version 2.0, Agent Phed, and Agent Eya, who represent frontline Agents to stir awareness on the role of PDEA Agents in the fight against illegal drugs.

Agent Phed, PDEA Mascot Version 2.0, and Agent Eya.



## Implementation of OPLAN: UNDASPORT

To prevent the *Undas* season (All Saints Day/All Souls Day) from being taken as an opportunity to traffic illegal drugs, PDEA in collaboration with the Land Transportation Franchising and Regulatory Board (LTFRB), Land Transportation Office (LTO), Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines (CAAP), and Philippine Ports Authority (PPA) implemented OPLAN: UNDASPORT from October 29 to 31, 2018. The activity launched simultaneous surprise drug tests to public transport drivers and conductors, and K9 sweeping operations at the seaports and airports nationwide.

A total of 1,691 drivers, conductors, and helpers at 53 public transport terminals nationwide underwent the drug test, 15 of whom yielded positive result for use of methamphetamine hydrochloride or shabu.

Moreover, UNDASPORT also included distribution of IEC materials to clients and employees of transport companies.

This is another first time in the history of PDEA.



K9 Sweeping at the NAIA.



Drug Test to Drivers at New Bus Terminal, Abucay, Tacloban City.



K9 Sweeping at Ceres Bus Terminal at Tagbac, Jaro, Iloilo.

# Harm Reduction Accomplishments

Recognizing that the drug problem cannot be addressed by supply and demand reduction alone, PDEA introduced harm reduction approach in eradicating the menace.

In the second quarter of 2018, PDEA launched its Balay Silangan Reformation Program, another first in the history of PDEA. Balay Silangan aims to modify the behavior of the drug offenders through interventions including drug education, counseling, morale recovery activities, personal and life skills, community service, and livelihood or employment education.

By these interventions, drug surrenderers who have graduated from the program can be reintegrated back to the society.

Table 19: Status of the Implementation of Balay Silangan Reformation Program

REGION	LOCATION/MUNICIPALITY	NO. OF CLIENTS
I	Agoo, La Union	47
II	Cauayan City, Isabela	23
	Santiago City	On-going screening
III	Cabanatuan City, Nueva Ecija	On-going screening
	San Simon, Pampanga	21 (graduated already)
IV-A	Lipa City, Batangas	36
	Sta. Rosa City, Laguna	5 (graduated already)
MIMAROPA	Naujan, Oriental Mindoro	29 (graduated already)
	Quezon, Palawan	9
V	Virac, Catanduanes	On-going screening
VI	Passi City, Iloilo	On-going screening
VII	Cebu City, Cebu	On-going screening
IX	Tungawan, Zamboanga Sibugay	On-going screening
X	Kauswagan, Lanao del Norte	23
	Linamon, Lanao del Norte	16
XI	Mati City, Davao Oriental	-
XII	Malungon, Sarangani	20 (graduated already)
	Makilala, North Cotabato	1
XIII	Mainit, Surigao del Norte	On-going screening
ARMM	Sultan Kudarat, Maguindanao	On-going screening
CAR	Bucay, Abra	19 (graduated already)
	Tayum, Abra	On-going screening
NCR	Caloocan City	30
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>279 (89 GRADUATED ALREADY)</b>

Since its launching in April 2018, 23 Balay Silangan Reformation Centers were inaugurated nationwide. These centers cater to 279 client-drug surrenderers, 89 of which already graduated, and of this number, 35 are now employed.



Inauguration in Malungon, Sarangani on May 22, 2018.



Inauguration in Passi, Iloilo City on July 31, 2018.



Inauguration in Tungawan, Zamboanga on July 31, 2018.



Inauguration in Mainit, Surigao del Norte on July 24, 2018.



Inauguration in Caloocan City on May 30, 2018.



Inauguration in Cabanatuan City, Nueva Ecija on May 24, 2018.

# Administrative Accomplishments

## Strengthening of Manpower Capabilities

Aligned with the Agency's thrust to strengthen the conduct of anti-drug operations and supporting activities, PDEA undertook efforts to augment its manpower capability. Overall, the Agency hired a total of 495 DEOs, and administrative and technical personnel and promoted 589 personnel to various positions in the agency.

In FY 2018 alone, two batches of Drug Enforcement Officers Basic Course (DEOBC), Classes 2017-11 (Class Gandilan) and 2018-12 (Class Hinirang) composed of 215 and 166 agents, respectively, undertook the six-month rigorous training and eventually graduated from the PDEA Academy to become full-fledged Drug Enforcement Officers (DEOs).

Additional two batches of the DEOBC composed of 265 agent-trainees also took oath in 2018. Both DEOBC Class 2018-13 and Class 2018-14 are currently undergoing the six-month training and are expected to graduate in February 2019 and May 2019, respectively.

The simultaneous recruitment, hiring, and training of DEOBC recorded the highest number of new DEOs accepted into the Agency within a year since the establishment of PDEA.



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino leads the oath taking of the 166 Agent-Trainees under DEO-BC Class 2018-12.

434 aspirants take the Qualifying Examination to become PDEA Drug Enforcement Officers (DEOs) on October 1, 2018 at PDEA National Headquarters.





PDEA Agent Trainees during the oath taking and reception rites.

## Mass Promotion of Personnel

With the approved Notice of Organization, Staffing and Compensation Action (NOSCA) by the Department of Budget and Management (DBM), a total of 529 Drug Enforcement Officers (DEOs) were promoted to various positions throughout the year. The creation of new positions led to the mass promotion of PDEA Agents who have been serving the country with honor and dedication. This is a significant feat in management - developing and providing opportunities for would-be leaders of the Agency.

In addition, 54 admin and technical personnel were promoted. These conscientious efforts led to the highest number of personnel hired and promoted in a year.

## Conduct of Capability Enhancement Trainings

The Agency initiates and conducts capability enhancement trainings and workshops to its personnel. The undertakings cover the following different specializations:

- ▶ Forensic chemistry;
- ▶ Seaport interdiction;
- ▶ Airport interdiction;
- ▶ Investigation;
- ▶ Supervision, management, and leadership;
- ▶ Evidence handling;
- ▶ Regulatory compliance;
- ▶ Legal and prosecution;
- ▶ Custodial facility handling and management;
- ▶ Crime scene photography;
- ▶ Property and supply management;
- ▶ Coaching and mentoring;
- ▶ Government officials and employees' ethics;
- ▶ Human resource management;
- ▶ Stress management;
- ▶ Administrative cases handling and management;
- ▶ Microsoft and Photoshop operations;
- ▶ Technical writing;
- ▶ Public speaking;
- ▶ Change management; and
- ▶ Records management.





Study Visit and Field Trip to Busan.



Study Visit and Field Trip to Korea Customs Service Detector Dog Training Center.

Table 20: Foreign Trainings FY 2018

NO.	FOREIGN TRAINING	NO. OF PARTICIPANT/S	DATE OF TRAINING
1	5th ASEAN Drug Monitoring Operational Workshop - Thailand	1	March 6-10, 2018
2	ASEAN Workshop on Narcotic Crop Survey Operational - Thailand	1	March 18-23, 2018
3	Criminal Justice (Focus on Investigation, Prosecution, Adjudication and International Cooperation) - Japan	1	May 6, 2018 to June 15, 2018
4	Combating Corruption - Financial Investigations Techniques and International Cooperation Mechanisms - Singapore	1	May 14-17, 2018
5	Narcotic Crime Eradication and Investigation - Korea	2	June 17, 2018 to July 07, 2018
6	Scholarship Program for Chinese Culture and Language - China	5	September 2018 to July 2019
7	Control of Drug Offenses - Japan	1	August 29, 2018 to September 13, 2018
8	3rd ASEAN Plus Three narcotics Law Enforcement Training on Countering ATS and other Narcotics Substances Projects - Thailand	3	July 02 - 07, 2018
9	UNODC Global SMART Programme Regional Workshop - Thailand	1	August 28-30, 2018
10	ASIA Law Enforcement Management Program (ARLEMP 47) - Transnational Synthetic Drug Investigations - Vietnam	1	October 1 to 19, 2018

Table 21: Local Trainings FY 2018

NO	LOCAL TRAINING	NO. OF PARTICIPANT/S	DATE OF TRAINING
1	DAP - Middle Managers - Batch 17	4	February 2018
2	Masters in National Security and Administration Regular Course 54	3	October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019
3	DAP - Middle Managers Class - Batch 18	2	April 13, 2018
4	Supervisory Course for Provincial Officers Class 2018-02	100	August 2018
5	Re-Echo Seminar on Container Control Programme for Seaport Interdiction	31	July 25-27, 2018
6	Evidence Custodians Course 2018-02	32	August 13-17, 2018
7	Revised Rules on Administrative Cases in the Civil Service 2018-02	48	August 28-30, 2018
8	Seaport Interdiction Training for Mindanao Group	18	August 14-21, 2018
9	Basic Crime Photography on Drug Related Cases Seminar Workshop 2018-02	41	August 21-23, 2018
10	Seaport Interdiction Training for Visayas Group	10	September 25, 2018 to October 02, 2018
11	Airport Interdiction Training	8	September 3-7, 2018
12	Stress Debriefing and Management Seminar for PDEA Regional Office VI	102	August 1-2, 2018
13	Seaport Interdiction Training for Luzon Group	35	October 09-16, 2018
14	PDEA Leadership Course 2018-02	54	September 25, 2018 to October 19, 2018
15	Custodial Officers Course 2018-03	31	November 7-23, 2018
16	Custodial Officers Refresher Course Class 2018-01	59	October 22-26, 2018
17	Anti-Illegal Drug Investigation Course 2018-03	30	November 05-29, 2018
18	Welfare Desk for Women and Children Involved in Illegal Drug Activities 2018-02	40	November 6-14, 2018
19	PDEA Management Course 2018-02	31	November 13-29, 2018
20	Trainer's Enhancement Seminar 2018-02	33	November 19-23, 2018

## Boosting of the Morale of the PDEA Operatives

In 2018, the first ever awarding ceremony of monetary rewards under PDEA Operation: "Lawmen" was conducted by the Agency.

Implemented with the guidelines set forth by Dangerous Drugs Board No. 1, Series of 2016, Operation: "Lawmen" is an incentive system for law enforcers or members of the anti-illegal drug units/teams or task forces including the support unit/s.

During the year, a total of Php20,245,438.84 were awarded to PDEA agents, operating units and support units who participated in the conduct of a total of 49 qualified anti-drug operations.

The awarding ceremony of the program is conducted quarterly in the presence of the media.



Eight (8) PDEA operating units received a total of P6,079,918.55 rewards during the first awarding ceremony of the PDEA Operation: "Lawmen" on March 27, 2018.



PCOO Secretary Jose Ruperto Martin M Andanar graces the 3rd awarding of PDEA Operation: "Lawmen" rewards to PDEA operating units on October 15, 2018.

On December 21, 2018, PDEA renewed its Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with the Philippine Chinese Charitable Association, Inc. (PCCAI). Under the agreement, PCCAI shall provide medical aid and treatment at the Chinese General Hospital and Medical Center, including surgery and major operations as well as the use of its medical equipment and facilities, from admission to discharge of PDEA operatives who sustained injuries while in line of duty. The assistance is definitely a big boost to the morale of PDEA agents.



MOA between PDEA and PCCAI on December 21, 2018.

Consequent to the intensified campaign against illegal drugs, seven PDEA agents were killed as a result of the enemy's retaliation. Five, deployed in PDEA RO ARMM, were ambushed on October 5, 2018 in Brgy. Malna, Kapai, Lanao del Sur on their way back to Marawi City from a demand reduction endeavor. Two, from PDEA RO VII, were gunned down in separate instances resulting to their death.



Director General Aaron N. Aquino together with President Rodrigo Duterte visited the wake of the agents killed during the ambush in Lanao del Sur.



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino submits his urine sample to the PDEA chemists during the conduct of mandatory drug test.

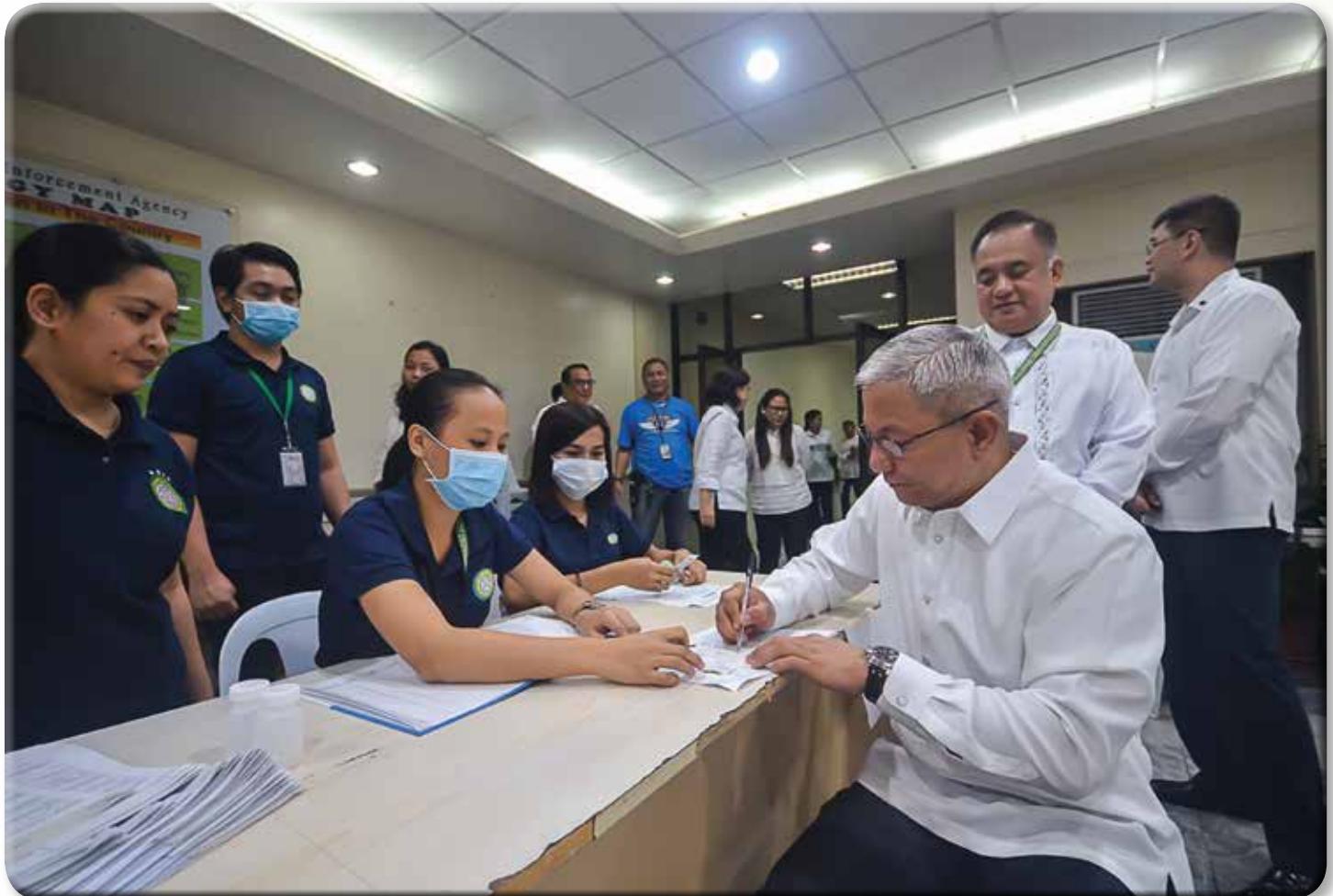
## Internal Cleansing

Ensuring that PDEA is composed of people of integrity, PDEA under the leadership of Director General Aquino actively undertook internal cleansing efforts.

As part of its Drug-Free Workplace Policy, PDEA conducted mandatory drug tests to its personnel at the National Headquarters and Regional Offices, during which a Drug Enforcement Officer (DEO) was tested positive for use of illegal drug.

In addition, investigation and sanctioning of 55 PDEA personnel, composed of Directors, DEOs, and Administrative and Technical personnel, who were found guilty of administrative violations. Also, several Directors were relieved due to irregularities and lapses.

PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino signs the application form for the mandatory drug test.





To ensure legitimacy and transparency of the anti-drug operations, PDEA, for the first time, procured 300 units of body camera being worn by PDEA operatives during operations. Media representatives during operations are also encouraged to wear body cameras. This made PDEA the first agency to require operatives to wear body cameras during operations.

## Enhancement of Forensic Capabilities

Enhancing PDEA's drug forensic capability is vital to ensure the public of the Agency's credibility to safeguard the seized dangerous drugs and chemicals.

On June 1, 2018, PDEA inaugurated its new Laboratory Service Building, The Premier Drug Forensic Center, located at the PDEA National Headquarters. PDEA Laboratory is equipped with analytical equipment of international standards.

The Evidence Room of the Forensic Center is guarded with upgraded security system, such as biometrics, CCTV cameras with no blind areas uncovered, and fire suppressing equipment to avoid damages in case of fire.

Air conditioning units, exhaust fans, and a dehumidifier are installed in the Evidence Room to preserve evidence and enhance ventilation.

Additional forensic chemists were also hired to strengthen the manpower of the Laboratory Service.



PDEA DG Aaron N Aquino, together with Congressman Feliciano "Sonny" Belmonte, Representative, 4th District of Quezon City, and Secretary Catalino S Cuy, Dangerous Drugs Board Chairman, inaugurates the Premier Forensic Laboratory.



The PDEA Premier Forensic Laboratory is equipped with state-of-the-art analytical equipment of international standards.

## Enhancement of Logistical Capabilities

Acquisition of logistical equipment to boost the capability of the operating units in conducting anti-drug operations was prioritized by the Agency.

During the year, PDEA procured the following equipment:

Table 22: Equipment procured in FY 2018.

PARTICULARS	NO. OF UNITS
Drone	50
Body camera	300
Hand-held radio	566
Motor vehicle	111
Motorcycles	189
Caliber 5.56 Galil Assault rifle	910
Jericho Pistols	978
Bat shields	20
Ballistic shields	20
Night fighting equipment	21
Modular vests	320
Reloading machines	29

This is the largest procurement of logistical equipment in the history of the Agency.





PCOO Secretary Jose Ruperto Martin M Andanar graces the distribution of equipment to PDEA operating units on October 15, 2018.



Newly-acquired motor vehicles.



Protective gears



Drones



Body cameras



Communication equipment

PDEA also takes pride in its accomplishment as the first Agency to produce Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines (CAAP)-certified drone controllers.



The first batch of PDEA agents who received CAAP certification as Drone Operator.



## Strengthening of K9 Capabilities

Recognizing the indispensable role of the narcotic detection dogs in averting drug smuggling at ports, PDEA conscientiously enhanced the K9 capabilities of the Agency.

This year recorded the highest number of K9 trained and K9 handlers hired with the acquisition of 100 K9 dogs and the hiring of 100 handlers who are expected to graduate from the six-month Basic K9 Handlers Course in March 2019.



Opening ceremony of PDEA K9 Handlers' Basic Course on September 10, 2018.

Aligned with the effort is the enhancement of the PDEA K9 training facility in San Jose Del Monte, Bulacan. On June 27, 2018, the ground breaking for the site of the PDEA Premier Narcotic Detection Dog Training Center was held.



Ground breaking of the site of the PDEA Premier Narcotic Detection Dog Training Center with San Jose Del Monte, Bulacan Congressman Florida P Robles and Mayor Arthur B Robles.



To enhance the handling and management of PDEA K9, in June 2018, the Agency launched the Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) on Management of the Narcotic Detection Dogs (NDDs) and SOP on Preventive Medicines Programme for NDDs.

The first adoption day for retired NDDs was also undertaken by PDEA in August 2018, during which 19 NDDs had new owners who were pre-screened for their capacity for human care and for their financial capability.

To recognize the significant contributions of the PDEA K9 in the successful conduct of anti-drug operations, awarding ceremony for the PDEA “Hero Dogs” was conducted in September 2018. Notable are their participation in 1,503 search and seizure operations, seaport and airport interdictions, and event-monitoring which resulted in the seizure of 384.28 kilos of shabu including the 355 kilos intercepted at the Manila International Container Port on August 7, 2018, 7.8 kilos of marijuana, 180 pieces of ecstasy tablet, among others.



Recognition of PDEA Hero dogs on September 10, 2018.



## Strengthening Partnership with Government Counterparts

Strengthening cooperation with counterparts was given attention by PDEA to enhance the Agency's capabilities. To intensify conduct of anti-drug operations, Memorandum of Agreement with the following counterparts were executed:

Table 23: MOAs signed in FY 2018.

Land Transportation Franchising and Regulatory Board (LTFRB) and Transport Network Companies (TNVS) on January 10, 2018 to prevent the use of TNVS for transporting illegal drugs.
Philippine Ports Authority (PPA) on April 11, 2018 to deter trafficking of illegal drugs and chemicals through ports.
Maritime Industry Authority (MARINA) on July 11, 2018 to deter drug trafficking using private ports and private boats.
Philippine Coast Guard (PCG) on July 11, 2018 to safeguard Philippine coasts from being utilized to smuggle illegal drugs and chemicals.
Office of the Solicitor General (OSG) on October 16, 2018 to assist PDEA in its legal activities.

At the regional level, thirteen MOAs/MOUs were signed with other government agencies.



PDEA signs MOA with the Philippine Coast Guard represented by Deputy Commandant for Operations Rear Admiral Rolando Legaspi.



PDEA signs MOA with the Philippine Ports Authority represented by General Manager Jay Daniel R. Santiago.

## Inter-Agency Committee on Anti-Illegal Drugs (ICAD)

Created pursuant to Executive Order No. 15, the Inter-Agency Committee on Anti-Illegal Drugs (ICAD) aims to ensure implementation and compliance of the member agencies with all policies, laws and issuances in relation to the government's anti-illegal drug campaign in an integrated and synchronized manner.

Composed of 41 member agencies, ICAD organizes four clusters namely: Enforcement, Justice, Advocacy, and Rehabilitation and Reintegration. PDEA is the overall chair of the Committee.

ICAD cultivates integrity, honesty and accountability among its members. With the discussion of action plans and reporting of targets and accomplishments among the ICAD member agencies, transparency in the campaign against illegal drugs is promoted. The discussions and meetings among the heads of agencies also expedite coordination and action to queries and concerns. With the heads discussing the issues being raised in the meetings, the length of time to respond and react lessens and efficiency increases.



Director General Aaron N. Aquino heads the ICAD meetings.

## National Law Enforcement Coordinating Committee (NALECC)-Sub-Committee on Dangerous Drugs and Controlled Chemicals (SCDDCC)

Composed of 40 member-law enforcement agencies, NALECC-SCDDCC fosters inter-agency cooperation to strengthen the implementation of anti-drug campaign.

The Sub-Committee conducts its meetings and activities monthly and is rotated among its members to enhance coordination and strengthen camaraderie.

PDEA chairs the Sub-Committee.



Atty. Ruel M Lasala, OIC, Office of the Deputy Director General for Operations, PDEA, presides over the NALECC-SCDDCC 137th Regular Meeting.



Visit/Tour at the New Bilibid Prison, Muntinlupa City on June 5, 2018.

## Task Force Drug Courier

In 2018, PDEA activated the Task Force Drug Courier (TFDC) which aims to protect Filipinos from being utilized as drug couriers by drug syndicates.

Composed of 13 member-agencies, TFDC was created on February 8, 2010 by virtue of Administrative Order No. 279. PDEA and Department of Foreign Affairs co-chair the Task Force.

PDEA hosted the TFDC working group meeting on October 26, 2018.



# Strengthening Partnership with International Counterparts

Recognizing that the drug problem is a global issue, PDEA strengthened its partnership with foreign counterparts.

During the year, PDEA welcomed 20 courtesy calls by the officials from the following foreign counterparts:

Table 24: Courtesy Calls and Visits to PDEA from Officials of Foreign Counterparts

OFFICE	DATE OF COURTESY CALL (2018)
Taipei Economic and Cultural Office (TECO)	January 24
Embassy of the Republic of Indonesia	February 1
National Narcotics Board, Republic of Indonesia	February 25
Embassy of the Russian Federation	March 1
Embassy of the Russian Federation	March 7
International Law Enforcement Affairs	April 25
General for Administration on Drug Control, Ministry of Internal Affairs, Russian Federation	April 26
Drug and Firearms Investigation Office, Japan National Police Agency	May 18
Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh	May 24
United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)	June 8
Israel Counter Terrorism Office	June 18
Transnational Organized Crime Strike Force, Japan Coast Guard	July 5
Zimbabwe National Defense University	July 9
Embassy of the People's Republic of China	August 14
Taipei Economic and Cultural Office (TECO)	September 4
Hong Kong Police Force, Narcotics Bureau	October 2
United States Drug Enforcement Agency	October 23
National Intelligence Service, Embassy of the Republic of Korea	October 24
Drug and Firearms Investigation Office, Japan National Police Agency	November 15
United States Drug Enforcement Agency	November 27
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>20</b>

PDEA also represented the Philippines in various international meetings and conferences. For the year, a total of 30 international meetings and conferences were attended and facilitated by PDEA.

Table 25: International Meetings and Conferences Facilitated/Attended by PDEA Personnel

TITLE OF TRAINING	DATE OF TRAINING (2018)	VENUE OF TRAINING	NO. OF PDEA PARTICIPANTS
Expert Work Group Meeting on Improving Drug Statistics and Strengthening the Annual Report Questionnaire	January 29-31	Vienna, Austria	1
Pre-Delivery Inspection of armor Rifle Protective/Ballistic Shield Level IV	January 29 - February 5	Pennsylvania, USA	5
23rd Asia-Pacific Operational Drug Enforcement Conference (ADEC-23)	February 6-8	Tokyo, Japan	1
5th ASEAN Drug Monitoring Network Operational Workshop	March 6-10	Bangkok, Thailand	1
7th Annual Women in Policing Training Conference	March 6-9	Tblisi, Georgia	1
61st Session of the Commission on Narcotics Drugs	March 12-16	Vienna, Austria	1
International Drug Enforcement Conference (IDEC) Fareast Regional Working Group Meeting	March 12-15	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	2
ASEAN Workshop on Narcotic Crop Survey	March 18-23	Chiang Mai, Thailand	1
35th Annual International Drug Enforcement Conference	April 10-12	Rotterdam, Netherlands	2
INTERPOL Global Conference	April 24-26	Toledo, Spain	1
Medical Cannabis Study Tour	April 30-May 1	New York City, USA	1
4th General Meeting of the Asia Pacific Information and Coordination Center for Combating Crimes	May 28-31	Hanoi, Vietnam	1
5th Intersessional Meeting of ASEAN Senior on Drug Matters Law Enforcement Working Group	June 26-27	Hanoi, Vietnam	1
6th ASEAN Drug Monitoring Network Operational Workshop	July 9-13	Chiang Rai, Thailand	1
Global Operation on Illicit Drug Trafficking Pre-Operational Meeting	July 17-19	Singapore	2
Expert Group Meeting on Alternative Development	July 23-26	Vienna, Austria	1
3rd ASEAN Seaport Interdiction Task Force Meeting	August 14-17	Chonburi, Thailand	2
39th Meeting of the ASEAN Senior Officials on Drug Matters	August 27-30	Brunei, Darussalam	2
9th International Working Group meeting on Drug Smuggling Responses	August 28-29	Seoul, Korea	1
UNODC Global SMART Programme Regional Workshop	August 28-30	Chang Rai, Thailand	1
8th ASEAN Airport Interdiction Task Force Meeting	September 3-6	Singapore	2
Global Countering Transnational Organized Crime Alumni Community of Interest Workshop	September 15-22	Washington DC, USA	1
28th Anti-Drug Liaison Officials Meeting for International Cooperation	September 18-19	Busan, Korea	1
Regional Targeting Meeting	September 24-25	Cairns, Australia	1
Asian Region Law Enforcement Management Program 47 – Transnational Synthetic Drug Investigations	October 1-19	Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	1
42nd Meeting of Heads of National Drug Law Enforcement Agencies (HONLEA) Asia and the Pacific	October 2-5	Bangkok, Thailand	2
2nd General Aviation: Blind Spot in Law Enforcement Meeting	October 17-18	Marrakech, Morocco	1
UNODC High Level Regional Conference on Precursor Control	November 7-9	Nay Pi Taw, Myanmar	1
5th Intersessional Meeting of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND)	November 7-9	Vienna, Austria	1
42nd Meeting of Heads of National drug Law Enforcement Agencies (HONLEA) Asia and the Pacific	October 2-5	Bangkok. Thailand	2
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>42</b>

PDEA also facilitated and attended bilateral meetings on drug matters with the Russian Federation General Administration for Drug Control and People's Republic of China Ministry of Public Safety.

Notable are the successful operations that led to the dismantling of four shabu laboratories as a result of the strengthened cooperation with the China counterparts, and the confiscation of 6.89 kilos of shabu as a result of the information shared by the US Homeland Security Investigation.

On December 11, 2018, PDEA hosted a fellowship with all the foreign counterparts to further strengthen cooperation with them.

PDEA Director General Aquino together with other PDEA officials enjoyed fellowship with the foreign counterparts.



## Encouraging Public's Participation

PDEA continues to encourage the public to participate in the anti-drug campaign by reporting to PDEA and other authorities any drug-related information through the implementation of Operation: "Private Eye", a reward system for successful informants.

In 2018, 41 informants were awarded an aggregate amount of Php25,655,430.35 which were awarded during the quarterly awarding ceremony.

This is the largest amount of reward awarded to informants since the implementation of the program.

### **How to Report Illegal Drug Activities and be eligible for Private Eye Rewards.**

**Just legibly fill out the Information Report Form (IRF) on the back page and send your report to PDEA by fastest means as follows:**

**Fax No.: (02) 927-2899**

**By mail/messenger to: Operation "Private Eye" c/o Room 207 PDEA Bldg., NIA Northside Road, NGC Brgy. Pinyahan, Quezon City;**

**Tel. No.: (02) 920-0967**

**By Email to: [iis.pdea@yahoo.com](mailto:iis.pdea@yahoo.com)**

**Visit the PDEA Regional Office near you**

**Once your information results in a positive operation (you'll learn about it through tri-media news report, or get in touch with us through telephone number (02) 920-0967 mentioning only your code name and IRF number), payment in cash or check will be made through special arrangement to keep your identity secret.**

**\*In case your identity is compromised, we will provide security assistance, as appropriate/ warranted and with your consent.**



A total of 41 private informants receive rewards under Operation: "Private Eye".

## Strengthening Anti-Drug Policies

PDEA, as the lead implementer of the anti-drug law, supports the formulation and strengthening of enabling policies.

During the year, the Dangerous Drugs Board issued the following Regulations as proposed by the Dangerous Drugs Board Supply Reduction Committee chaired by PDEA:

- ▶ Board Regulation No. 2, Series of 2018 with subject: Balay Silangan-Guidelines for Community Involvement in Reforming Drug Offenders into Self-Sufficient and Law Abiding Members of Society;
- ▶ Board Regulation No. 12, Series of 2018, with subject: Amending Section 2, Art. II and Section 7(e), Article IV of Board Regulation No.5 Series of 2003, Entitled: Guidelines in the implementation of “Operation: Private Eye”, as amended further by DDB Board Regulation No.1, Series of 2005 and DDB Regulation No.4, Series of 2007; and
- ▶ Board Regulation No. 13, Series of 2018 with Subject: Establishment and Institutionalization of Drug-Free Workplace Policies in all Government Offices, including the conduct of authorized drug testing for elective local officials and appointive public officers and for other purposes.

The following substances were also included as controlled substances or dangerous drugs through the effort of the DDB-SRC:

- Ephedrine and Pseudoephedrine (DDB Reg. No. 1, Series of 2018)
- 4-Methylethcathinone (4-MEC) (DDB Reg. No. 4, Series of 2018)
- 5F-APINACA (5-F-AKB-48) (DDB Reg. No. 5, Series of 2018)
- Ethylone (DDB Reg. No. 6, Series of 2018)
- Ethylphenidate (DDB Reg. No. 7, Series of 2018)
- MDMB-CHMICA (DDB Reg. No. 8, Series of 2018)
- Methiopropamine (MPA) (DDB Reg. No. 9, Series of 2018)
- Pentedrone (DDB Reg. No. 10, Series of 2018)
- XLR-11 (DDB Reg. No. 11, Series of 2018)

## Celebrating the PDEA 16th Founding Anniversary

The year 2018 has proven to be another challenging yet gratifying year for the Agency because of its various significant operational and administrative accomplishments delivered. Thus, in June 2018, the Agency celebrated its 16 years of existence commemorating its victory and accomplishments amidst all challenges.

Part of the celebration was the Agency's commemoration of the valiant deeds of the drug enforcement officers who gave their lives in line of duty. The national head office held a symbolic wreath laying ceremony at the Honor Wall on June 22, 2018.

It was then followed by the main program which was celebrated in the afternoon at the PDEA Grounds. Hon. Vicente "Tito" Castelo Sotto III graced the event as the guest of honor and speaker. It was also attended by the Dangerous Drugs Board Secretary Catalino S. Cuy and officials from other government agencies and counterparts.

Personnel who exhibited exemplary service and personnel who have served the Agency for 10 years were also recognized and awarded during the anniversary program.

On the night of the anniversary day, the PDEA executive officials and personnel gathered together to celebrate the employee's fellowship night. It was also during this time that the PDEA Got Talent Grand Finals was conducted. The Special Enforcement Service brought home the bacon and emerged as the PDEA Got Talent 2018 Champion.



PDEA Director General Aaron N Aquino and Senate President Vicente "Tito" Sotto III lead the Wreath Laying Ceremony for fallen PDEA comrades as part of the PDEA 16th Anniversary Celebration.



Hon. Vicente Sotto III signed the PDEA guest book during the 16th anniversary.



PDEA DG Aquino's remarks inspired the personnel to continue being relentless in performing the agency's mandate.



Plans and Operations Service personnel as they energetically jam with the band.



PDEA Special Enforcement Service bagged the first place in the PDEA's Sing and Dance Competition.

## Annual Awards

PDEA partners, counterparts and personnel received plaques of appreciation during the PDEA Anniversary celebration for their unwavering support and dedication to the mandate of the Agency.



## Christmas Program

The Agency wrapped up the year with a blast as it celebrated the Christmas season on December 19, 2018. A Thanksgiving Mass opened the day for the PDEA officials and personnel. It was then followed by a program for the children of PDEA personnel. Clowns and magicians entertained not only the children but also their parents. Food stalls such as hotdog, cotton candy and ice cream stands were also set up for the children to enjoy.

In the afternoon, PDEA officials together with the personnel gathered together at the activity area for a short program and Christmas raffle. Various prizes such as cash, groceries, appliances and handguns have been given to fortunate personnel.

The Agency was entertained by the personnel from different offices when they showcased their talents during the PDEA Christmas Skit. The personnel from Legal and Prosecution Service the competition.

Children of PDEA personnel were invited to the Agency's Christmas Program and received Christmas gifts from Director General Aaron N. Aquino.



Legal and Prosecution Service won the PDEA Christmas Skit competition.



Director General Aaron N. Aquino together with Ms. Irish Calaguas, Chief of Staff, and AHRS Personnel during the raffle.



## Financial Management

To perform its mandate, PDEA was allocated with Php2,662,266,000 budget under General Appropriations Act for FY 2018, as follows:

Personal Services:	Php 915,337,000
Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses:	1,139,534,000
Capital Outlay	607,395,000
Total	Php 2,662,266,000

Senator Panfilo Lacson sponsors the PDEA Budget for FY 2018.

